

WORKFLOW





Seagrass distribution (+ trophic chain)

Biomass

Biomass

Biomass

Density

Density





- Blue carbon
- Raw resources
- Nature-based recreation

Seagrass as

ES provider

Nature-based recreation



Carbon [sequestration + storage]

ES flow in

physical

terms

- Energy production
- Marine mammals
- Seagrass

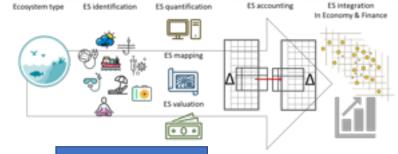
ES flow in monetary terms



- Resource Rent
- Social Cost of Carbon
- **Avoided Costs**
- **Benefit Transfer**
- **Benefit Transfer**

Seagrass

Total benefits



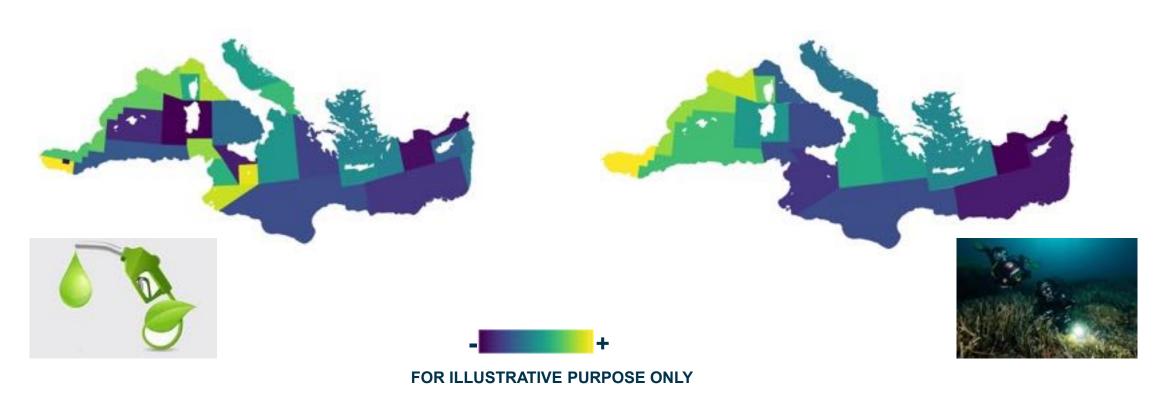
habitat

MARINE ECOSYSTEM SERVICES



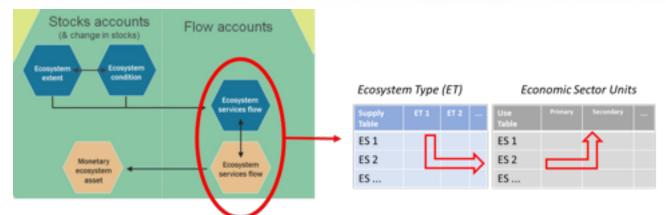
- Biomass
- Blue renewable energy
- → Biomass for energy + further applications

- Density
- Nature-based recreation
- → Dives



SUPPLY AND USE TABLES





ES are considerated as a transation 'ecosystem sectors' → 'socio-economic sectors'

SUPPLY

	Sub-regions of the Mediterranean Sea (GFCM)							
Ecosystem Services								
	Western	Central	Adriatic Sea	Eastern				
	Mediterranean Sea	Mediterranean Sea	Auriatic Sea	Mediterranea Sea				
tonne								
Carbon sequestration SG	379	54	76	25				
Carbon storage SG	260	37	52	17				
Tot Blue carbon SG	639	91	128	42				
Raw Biomass provision	3216	459	641	213				
Anchovy	15740	4565	4565	4403				
Mullet	2279	2592	845	483				
Pilchard	5274	3289	3289	C				
Sparidae	220	0	0	C				
Thuna	4227	1447	1226	562				
Tot Fish provision	27740	11892	9925	5447				

USE

Ecosystem Services	Mediterranean Countries								
	Spain	France	Italy	Malta	Croatia	Slovenia	Greece		
tonne									
Carbon sequestration SG	128	112	217	9	20	0,05	27		
Carbon storage SG	88	77	149	6	14	0,03	19		
Tot Blue carbon SG	216	188	366	15	34	0,08	46		
Raw Biomass provision	1086	947	1841	73	172	0,40	232		
Anchovy	10588	587	11391	0	2292	10,54	4403		
Mullet	544	45	3799	0	424	1,95	1385		
Pilchard	4925	349	4918	0	1652	7,60	C		
Sparidae	220	0	0	0	0	0,00	(
Tuna	1082	2180	2537	0	616	2,83	1044		
Tot Fish provision	17360	3160	22644	0	4984	22,92	6831		

FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSE ONLY



+ THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY

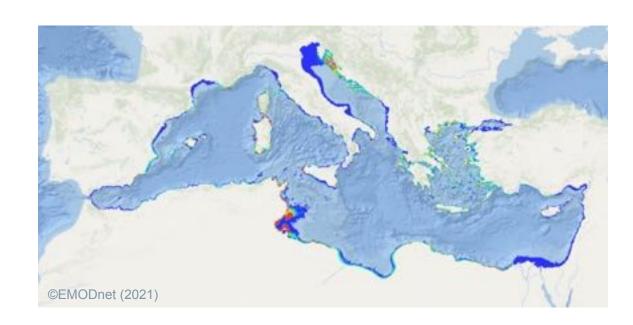
EO: PROS & CONS



+ optical (satellite imagery), and acoustic (sidescan sonar) remote sensing techniques

+ in situ methodologies (visual census; SCUBA diving, Towed Underwater Cameras, and Remotely Operated

Vehicles)



limitations that still affect remote sensing product applications:

- similar products, and in some case may even show inconsistency among each other
- often missing information on products uncertainties
- not always available information on how to obtain best quality data
- OC product limitations for optically complex waters where adequate characterization form the point of view of inherent optical properties is still required



Thank you

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Slide 5: Image - Biofuel, source: https://aegex.com/; Slide 5: Image - Diving in the Posidonia seagrass beds, source: https://divernet.com/