

Advancing Experimental Ecosystem Accounting in South Africa

Regional Training Workshop

Santiago, 13-16 April 2015

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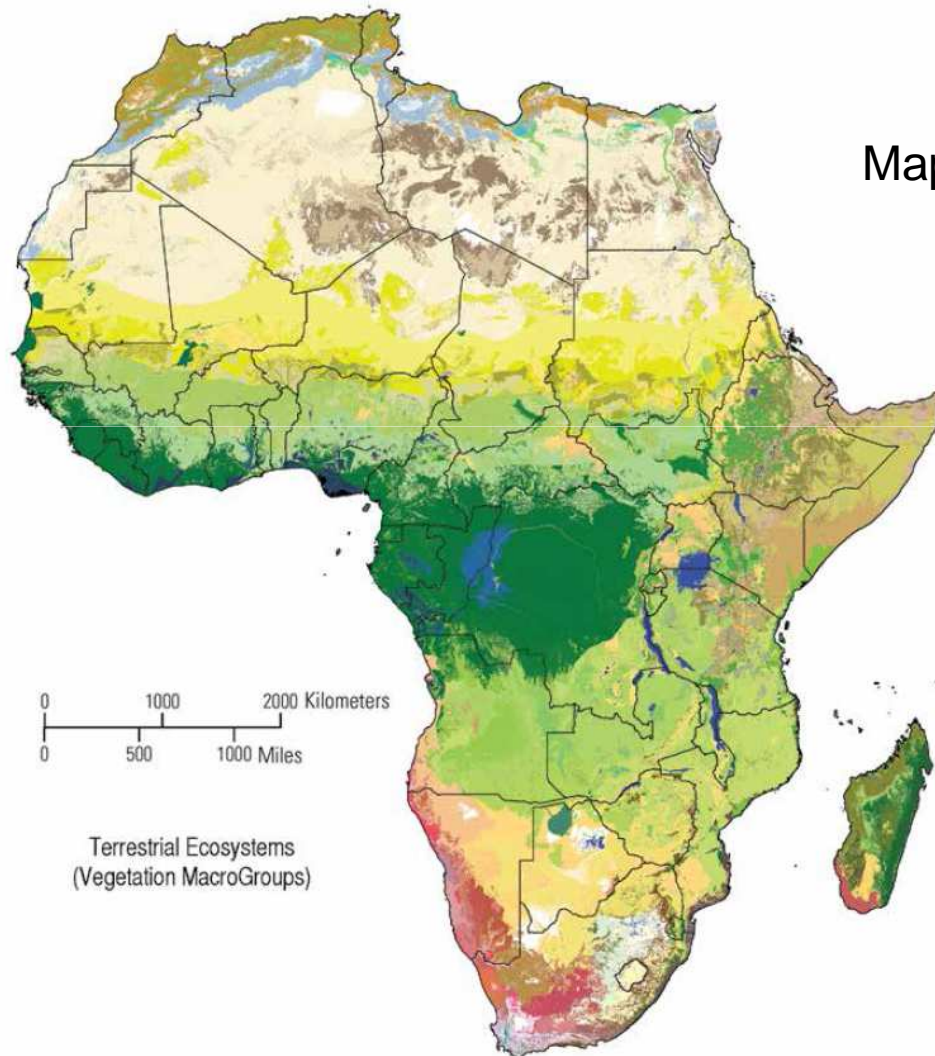
Outline

1. Ecosystem type classifications
2. Ecosystem condition
3. River condition accounts
4. Land accounts

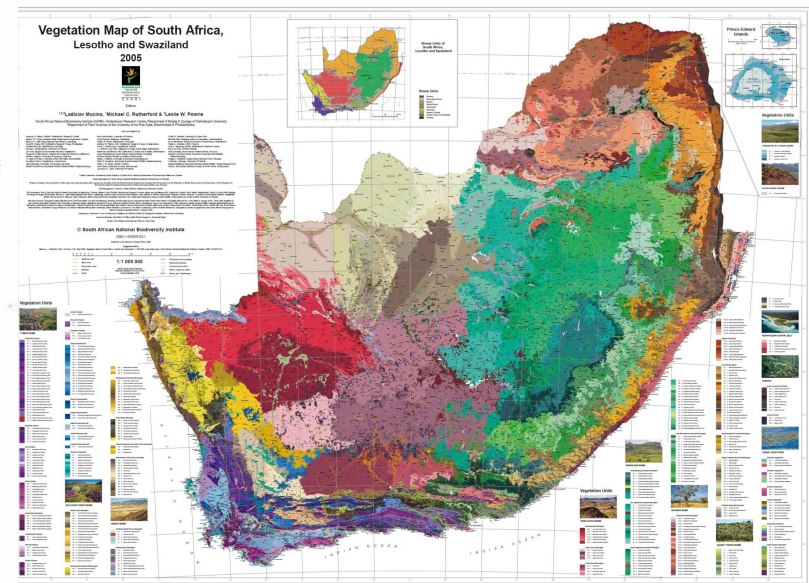
Ecosystem Type Classification in South Africa

- Ecosystem asset classes
 - Terrestrial
 - Marine and Coastal
 - Wetlands
 - Rivers

Ecosystem types can be mapped at different scales

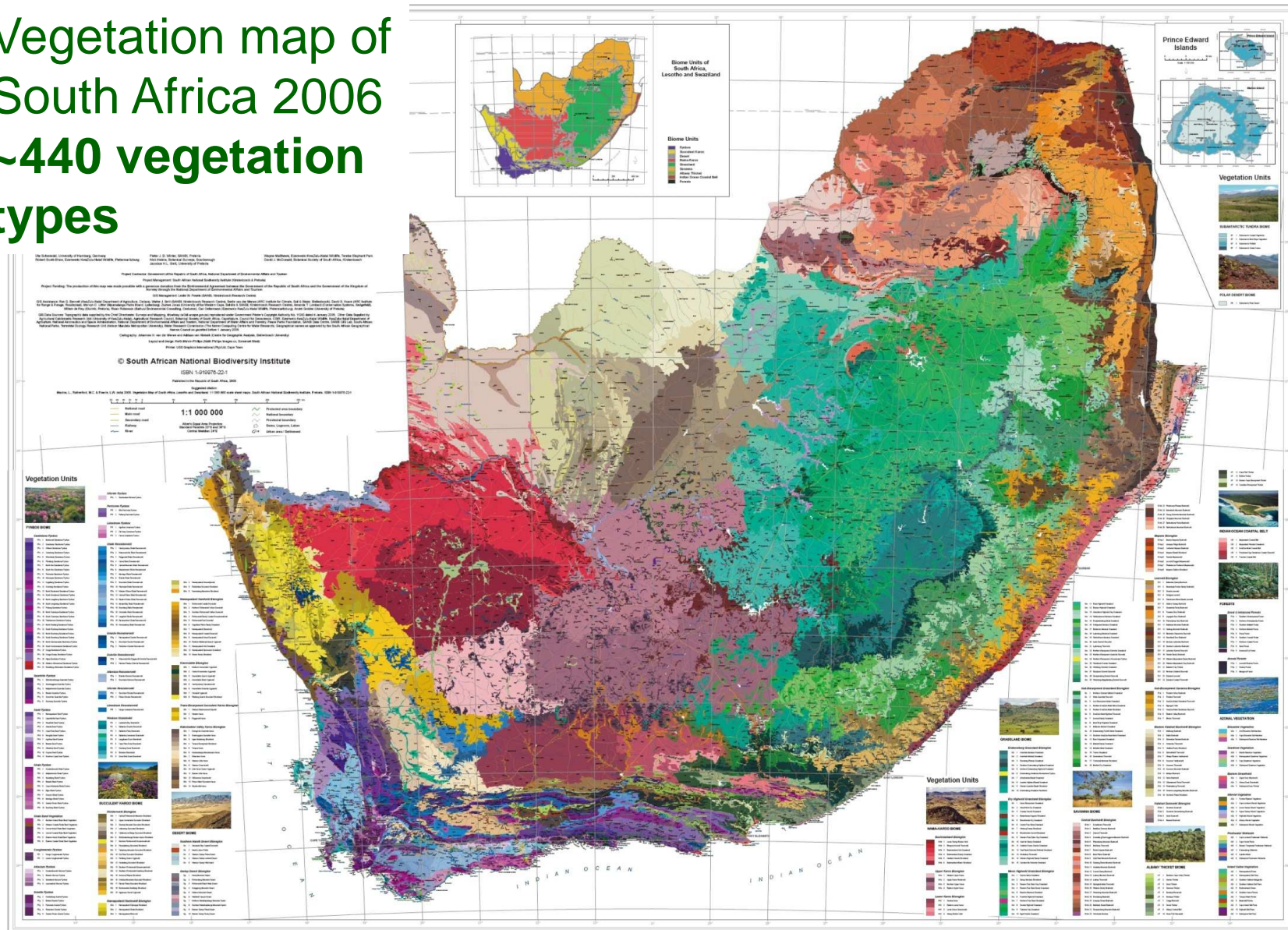


Map of terrestrial ecosystems for Africa

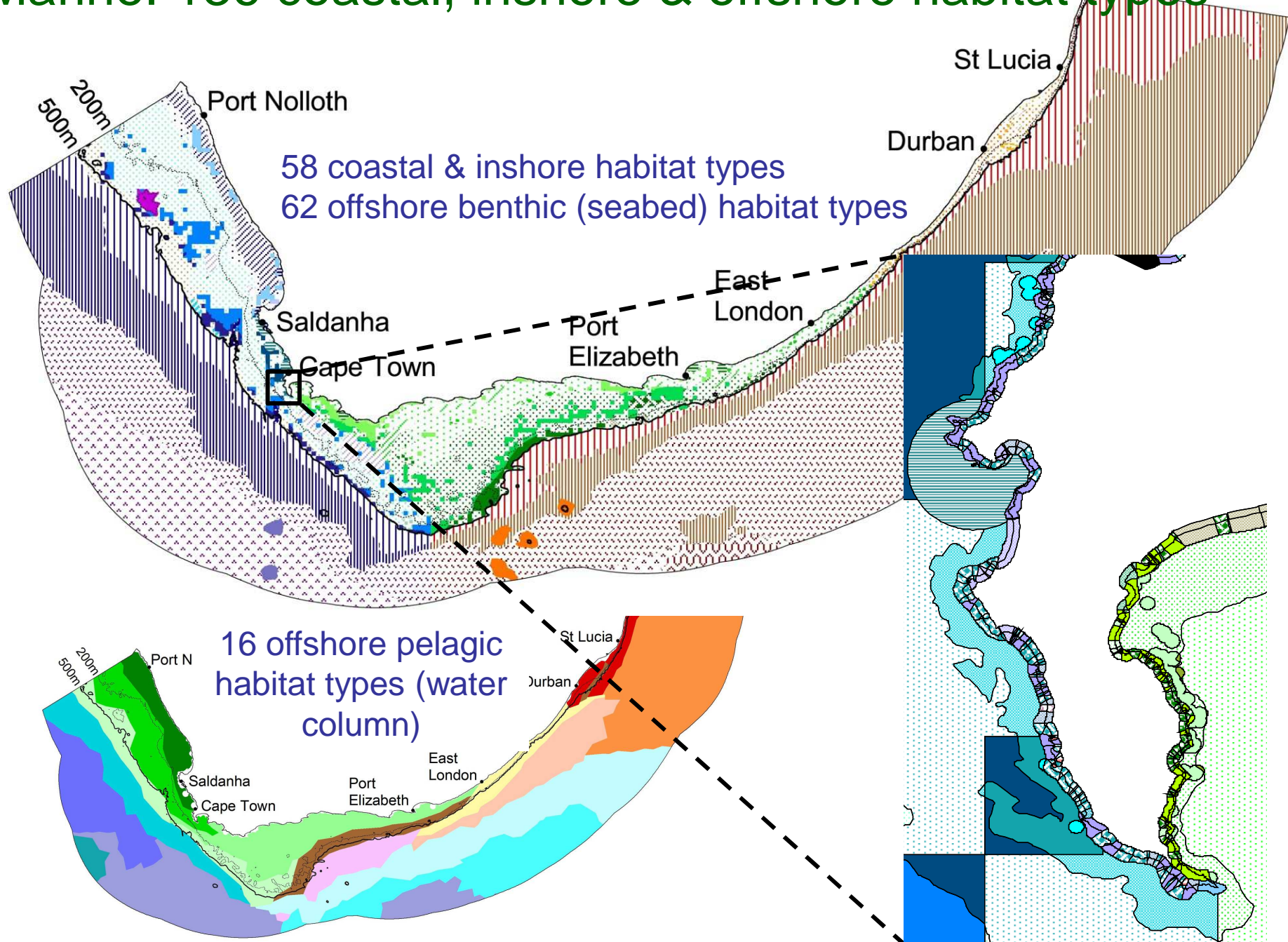


Terrestrial Ecosystem Types

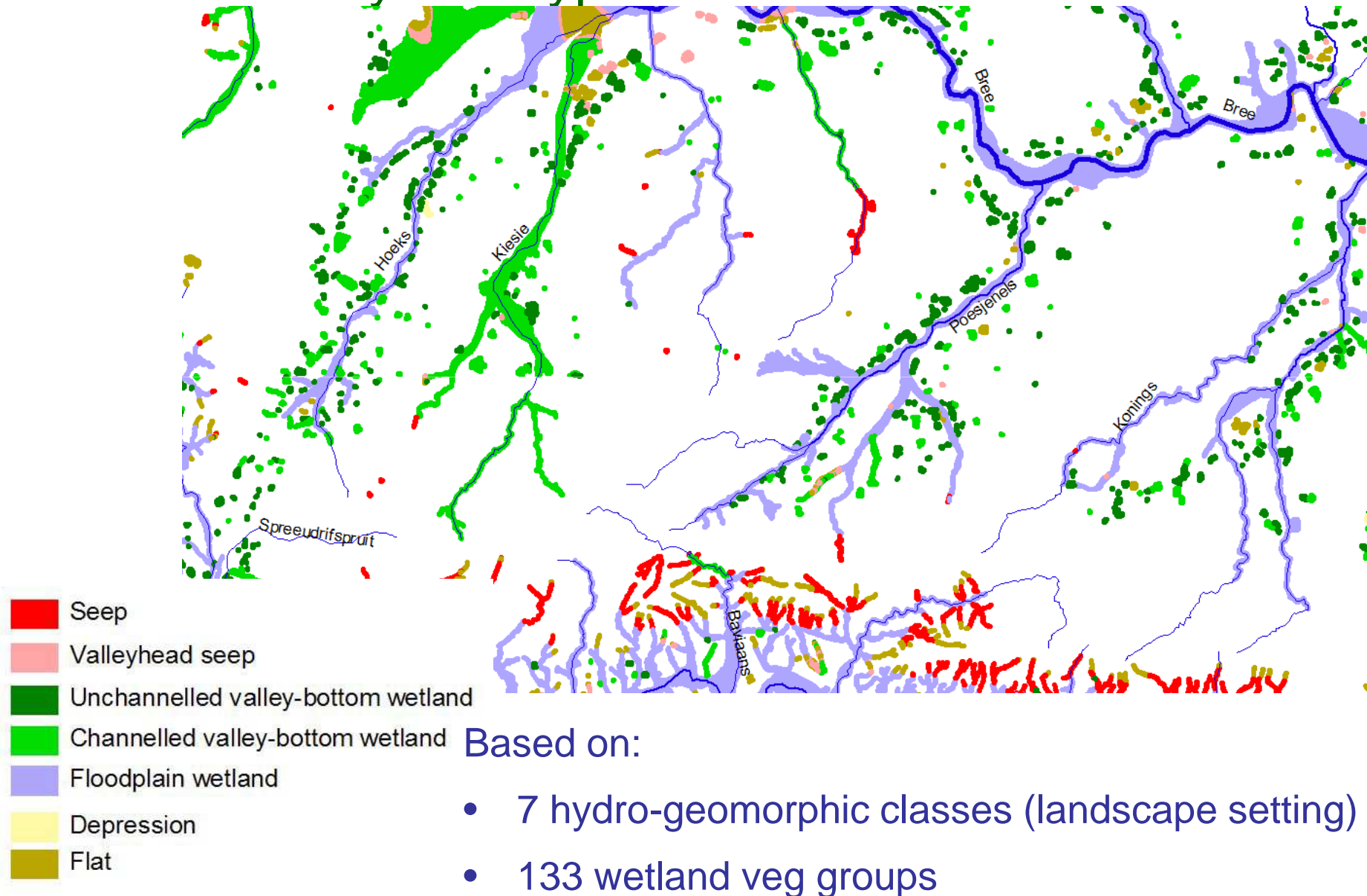
Vegetation map of South Africa 2006
~440 vegetation types



Marine: 136 coastal, inshore & offshore habitat types



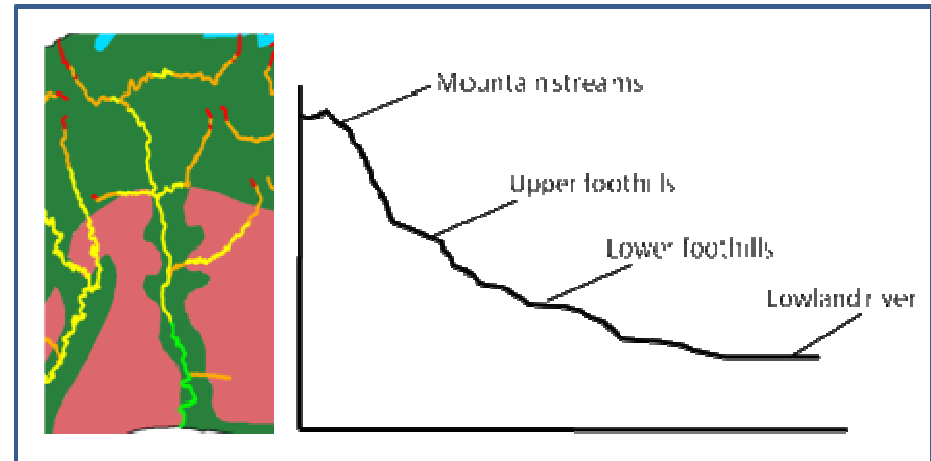
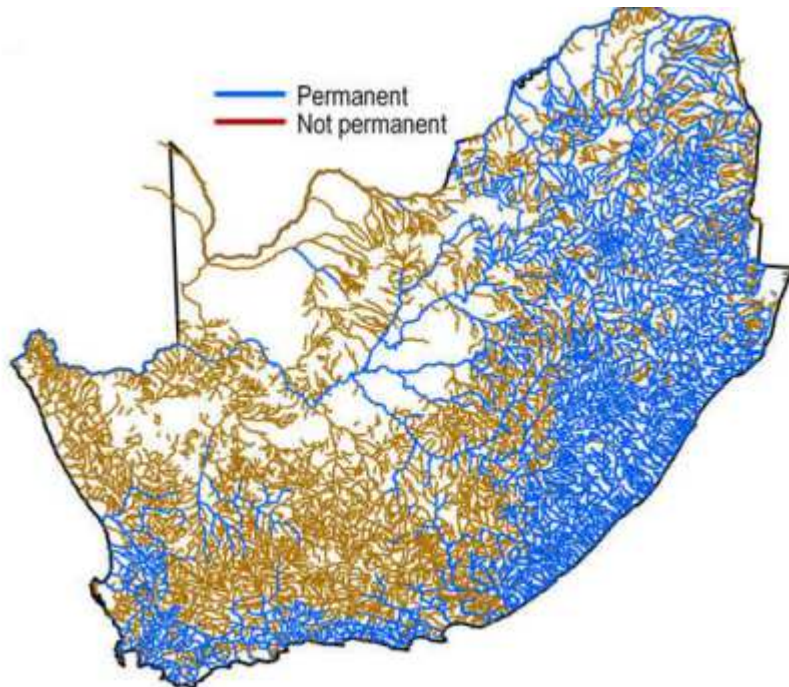
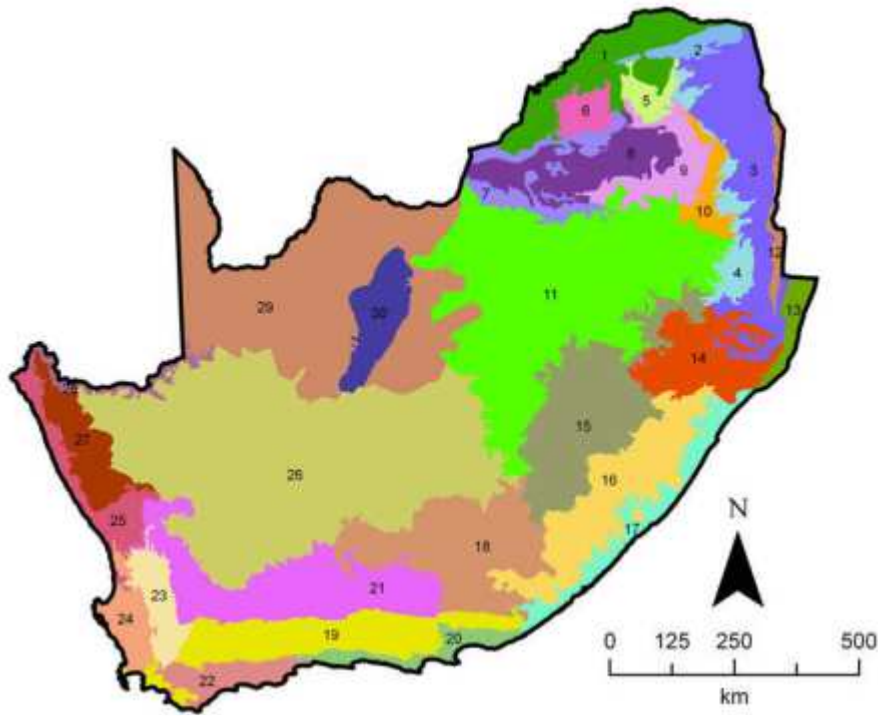
Approx 300 000 wetlands, grouped into 792 wetland ecosystem types



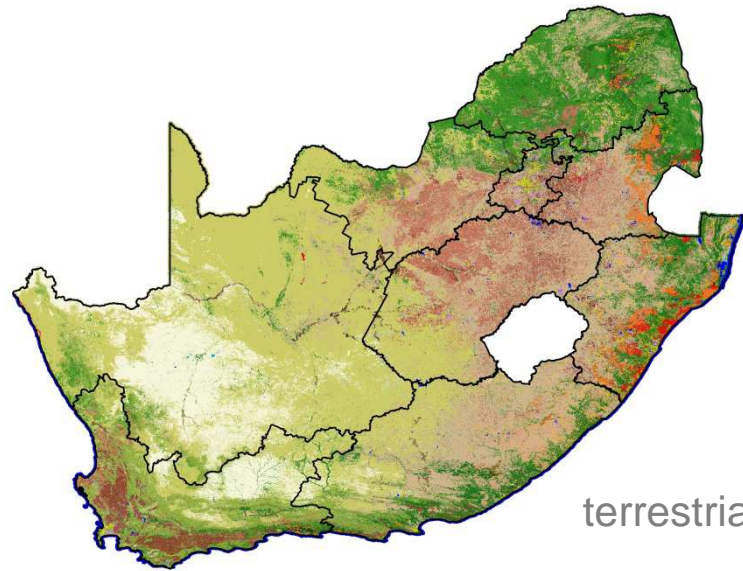
223 river ecosystem types

Based on:

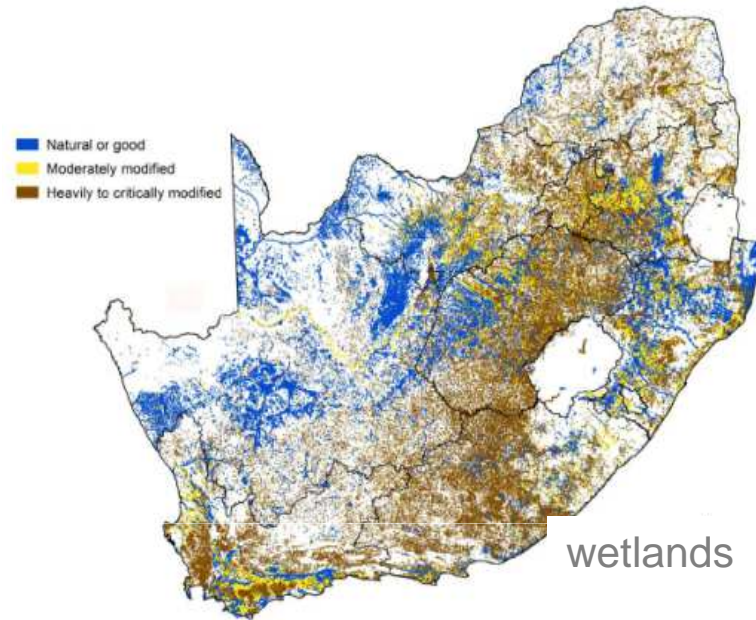
- 31 freshwater ecoregions
- 2 flow regime categories
- 4 longitudinal zones



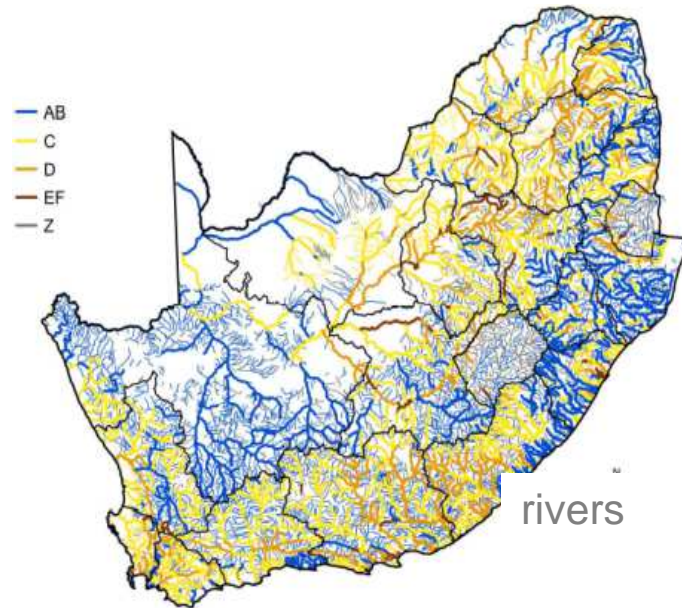
Maps of Ecological Condition



terrestrial



wetlands



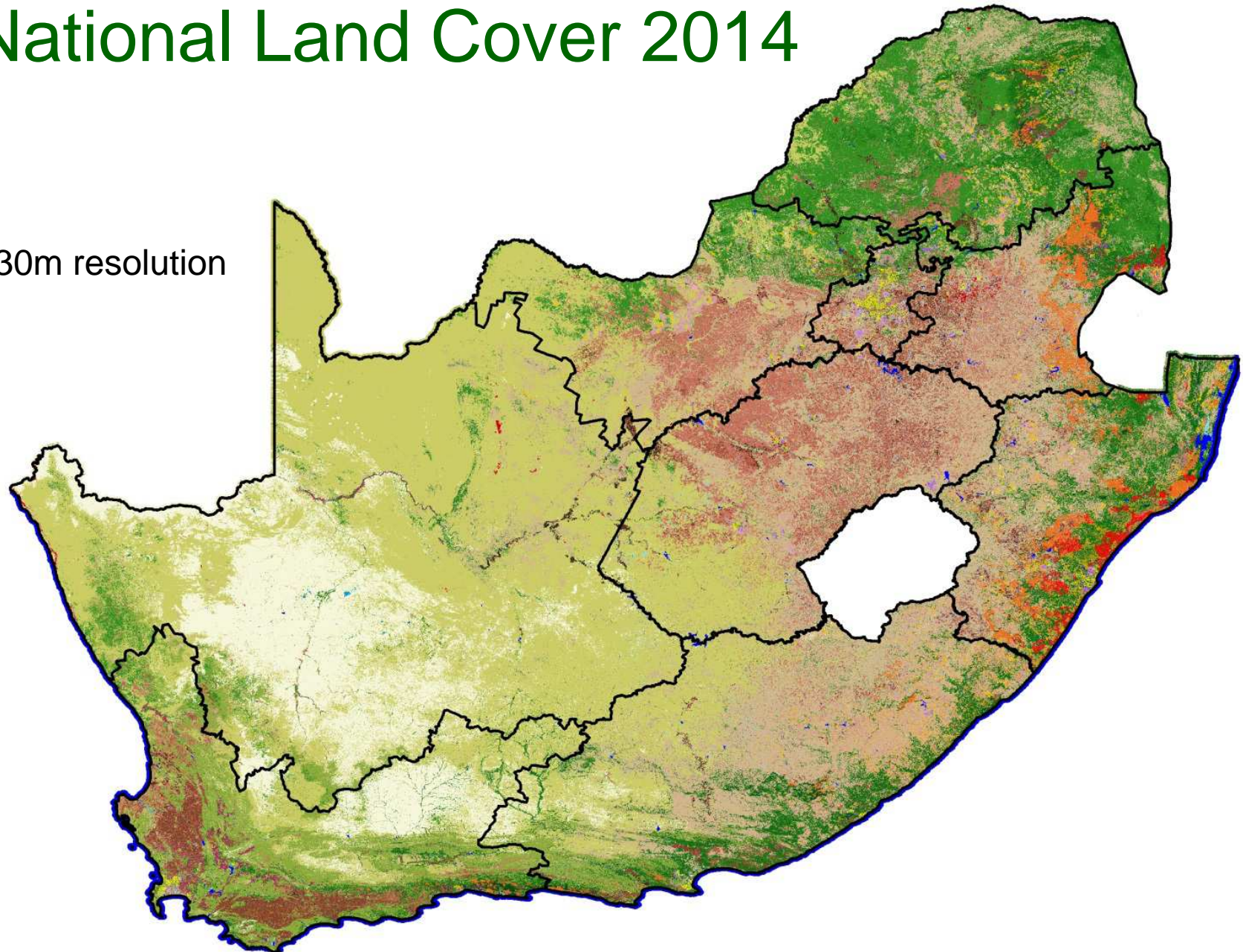
rivers











































































marine

National Land Cover 2014

30m resolution



Legend

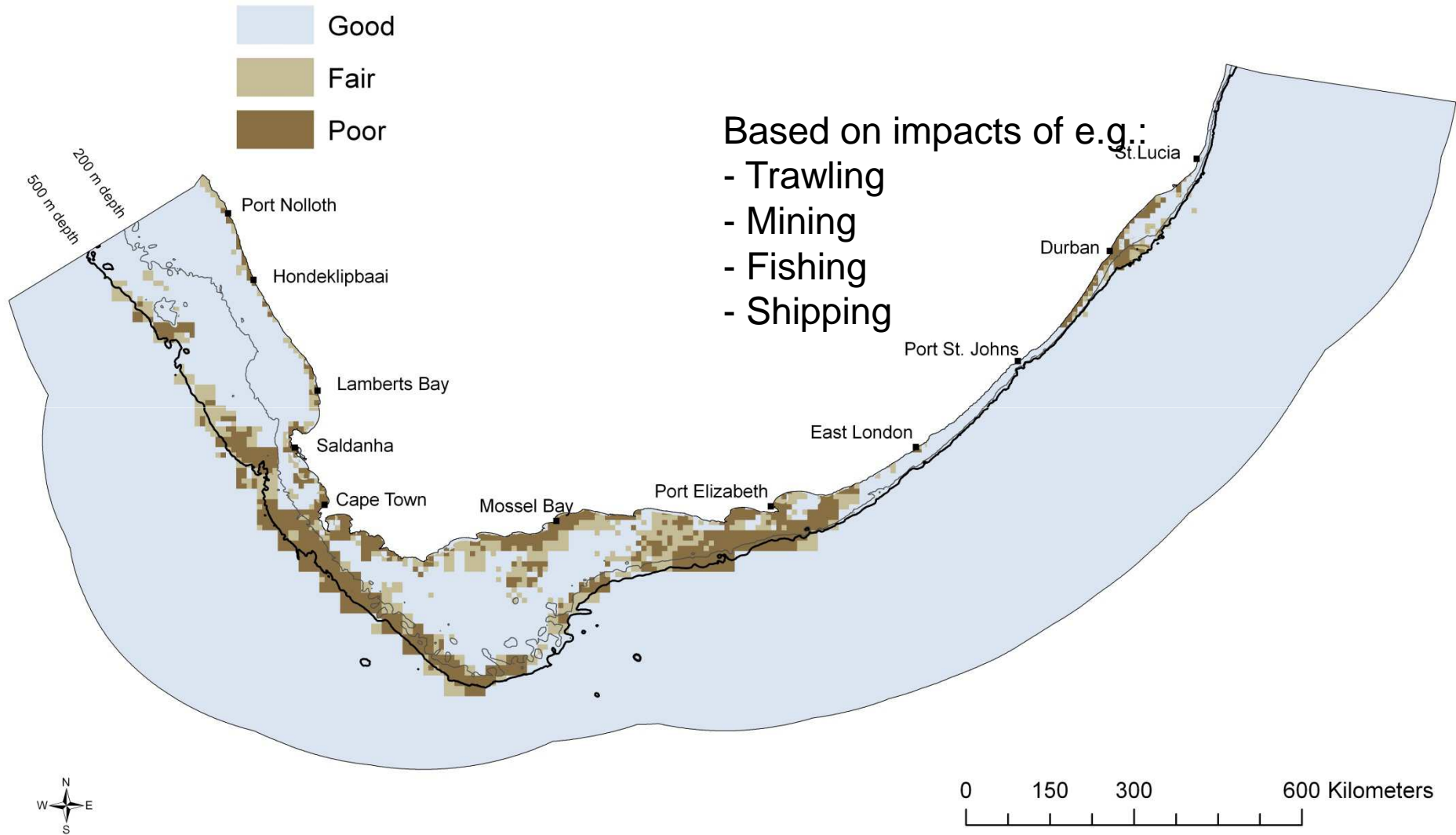
 Water seasonal	 Cultivated orchards (low)	 Mines 2 semi-bare	 Urban smallholding (open trees / bush)
 Water permanent	 Cultivated vines (high)	 Mines water seasonal	 Urban smallholding (low veg / grass)
 Wetlands	 Cultivated vines (med)	 Mines water permanent	 Urban smallholding (bare)
 Indigenous Forest	 Cultivated vines (low)	 Mine buildings	 Urban sports and golf (dense tree / bush)
 Thicket /Dense bush	 Cultivated permanent pineapple	 Erosion (donga)	 Urban sports and golf (open tree / bush)
 Woodlan/Open bush	 Cultivated subsistence (high)	 Bare none vegetated	 Urban sports and golf (low veg / grass)
 Grassland	 Cultivated subsistence (med)	 Urban commercial	 Urban sports and golf (bare)
 Shrubland fynbos	 Cultivated subsistence (low)	 Urban industrial	 Urban township (dense trees / bush)
 Low shrubland	 Cultivated cane pivot - crop	 Urban informal (dense trees / bush)	 Urban township (open trees / bush)
 Cultivated comm fields (high)	 Cultivated cane pivot - fallow	 Urban informal (open trees / bush)	 Urban township (low veg / grass)
 Cultivated comm fields (med)	 Cultivated cane commercial - crop	 Urban informal (low veg / grass)	 Urban township (bare)
 Cultivated comm fields (low)	 Cultivated cane commercial - fallow	 Urban informal (bare)	 Urban village (dense trees / bush)
 Cultivated comm pivots (high)	 Cultivated cane emerging - crop	 Urban residential (dense trees / bush)	 Urban village (open trees / bush)
 Cultivated comm pivots (med)	 Cultivated cane emerging - fallow	 Urban residential (open trees / bush)	 Urban village (low veg / grass)
 Cultivated comm pivots (low)	 Plantations / Woodlots mature	 Urban residential (low veg / grass)	 Urban village (bare)
 Cultivated orchards (high)	 Plantation / Woodlots young	 Urban residential (bare)	 Urban built-up (dense trees / bush)
 Cultivated orchards (med)	 Plantation / Woodlots clearfelled	 Urban school and sports ground	 Urban built-up (open trees / bush)
	 Mines 1 bare	 Urban smallholding (dense trees / bush)	 Urban built-up (low veg / grass)
			 Urban built-up (bare)

Natural habitat lost → Poor condition

Natural habitat degraded → Fair condition

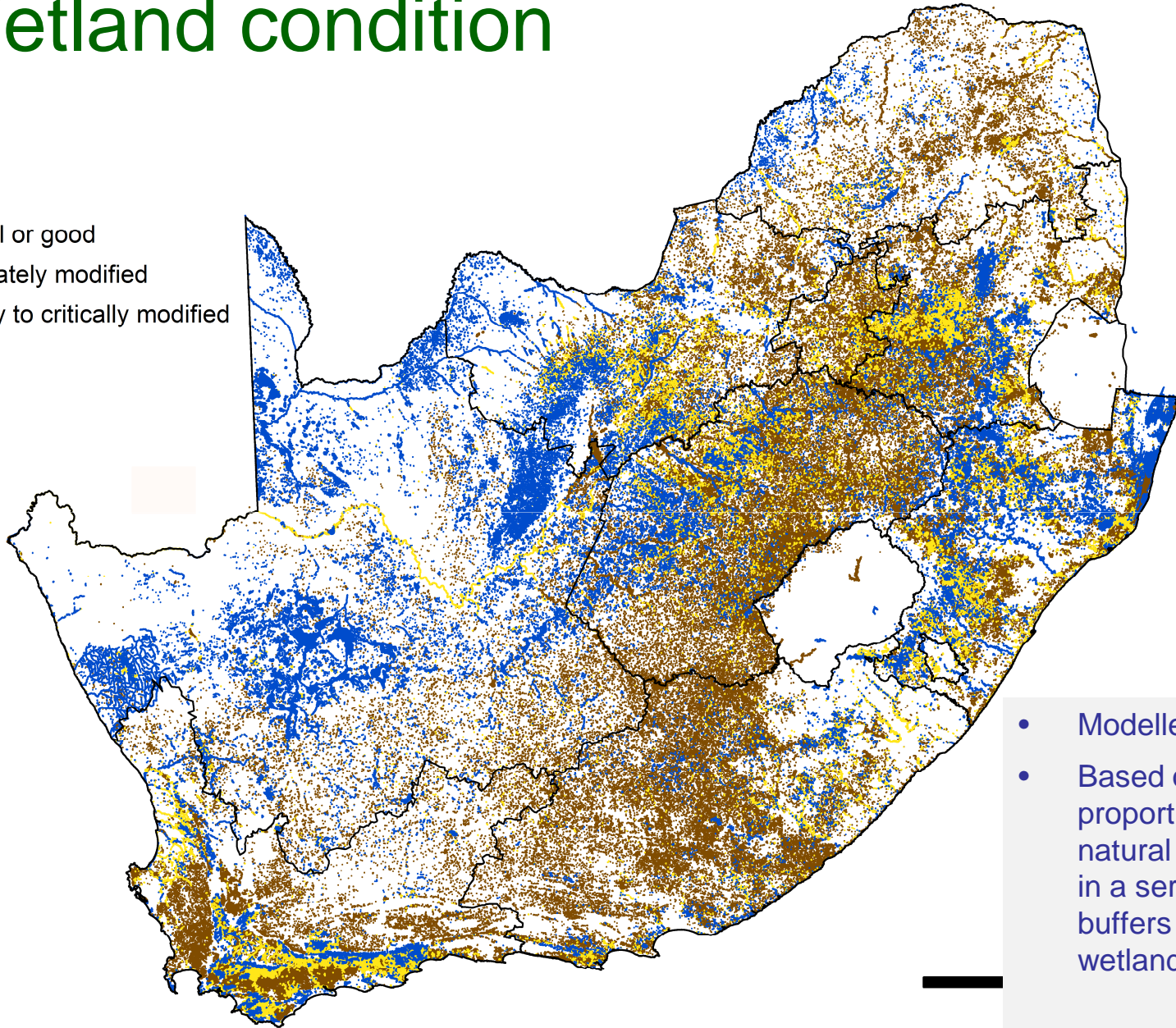
Natural/ near natural habitat → Good condition

Marine condition data



Wetland condition

- Natural or good
- Moderately modified
- Heavily to critically modified



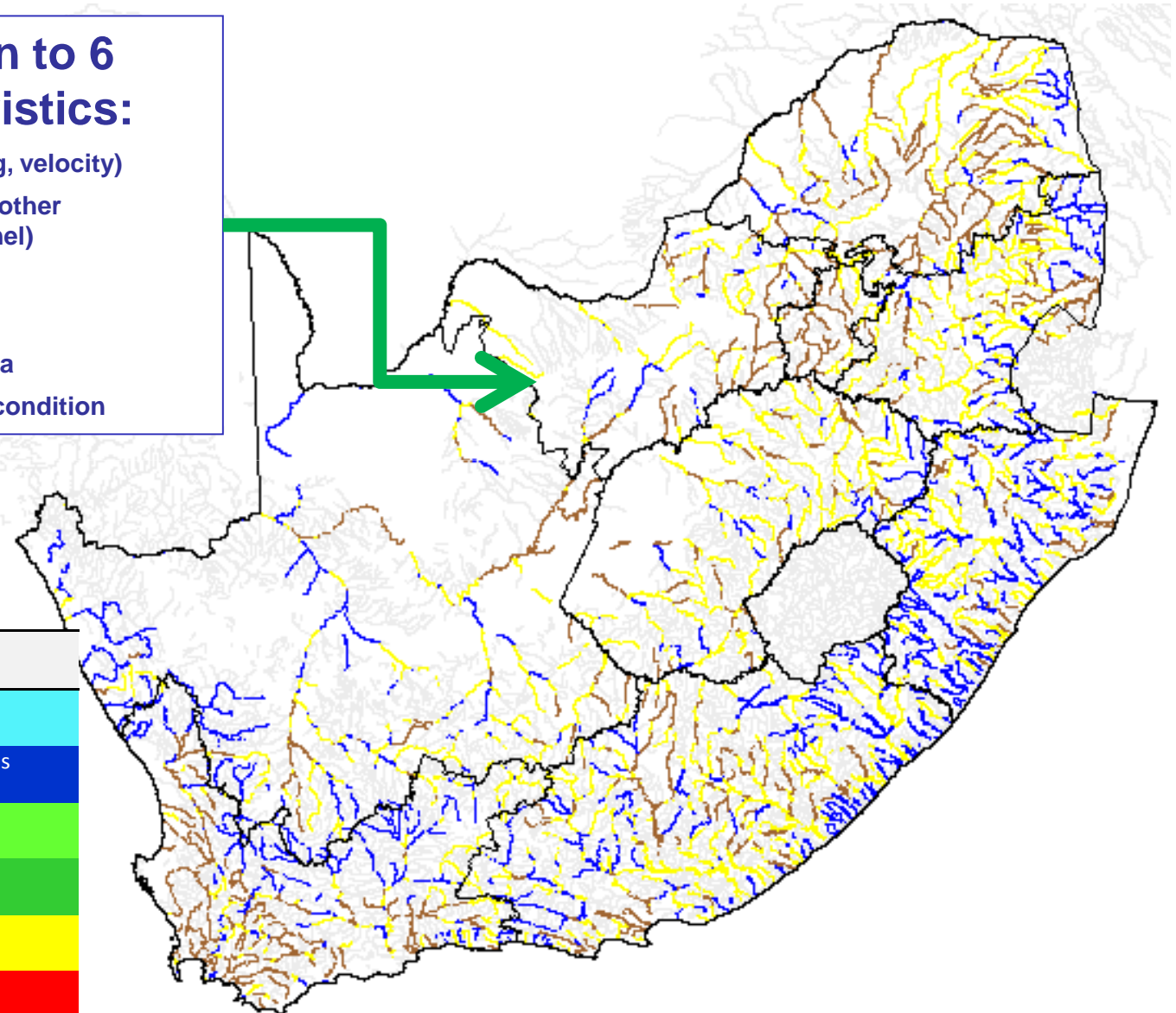
- Modelled data
- Based on proportion of natural land cover in a series of buffers around the wetlands

River condition

Level of modification to 6 indicators/characteristics:

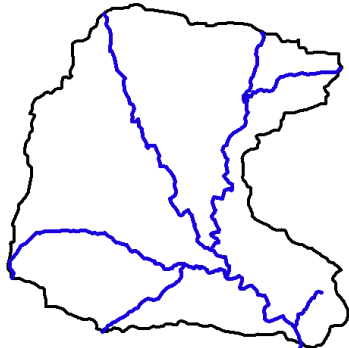
- Flow (e.g. quantity, timing, velocity)
- Inundation (dams, weirs, other obstructions in the channel)
- Water quality
- Stream bed condition
- Introduced in-stream biota
- Riparian or stream bank condition

Ecological category	Description
A	Unmodified, natural
B	Largely natural, few modifications
C	Moderately-modified
D	Largely-modified
E	Seriously-modified
F	Critically/Extremely-modified

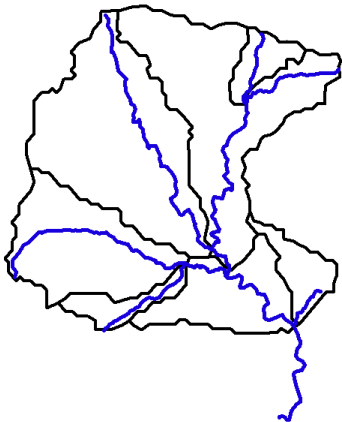


Ecosystem Condition Accounts for Rivers

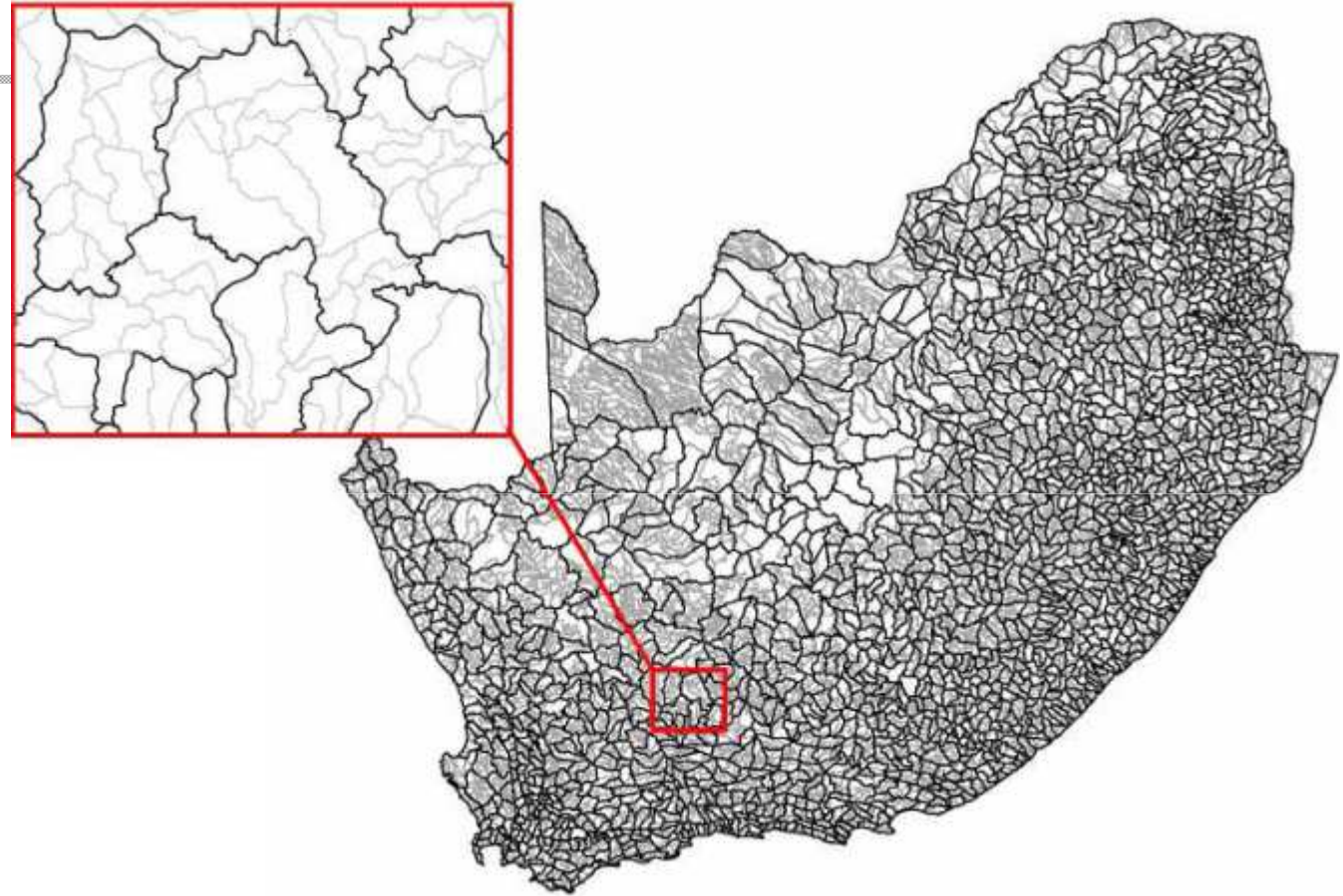
Spatial scale: sub-quaternary catchments



- **Quaternaries**
Average size ~650 km²



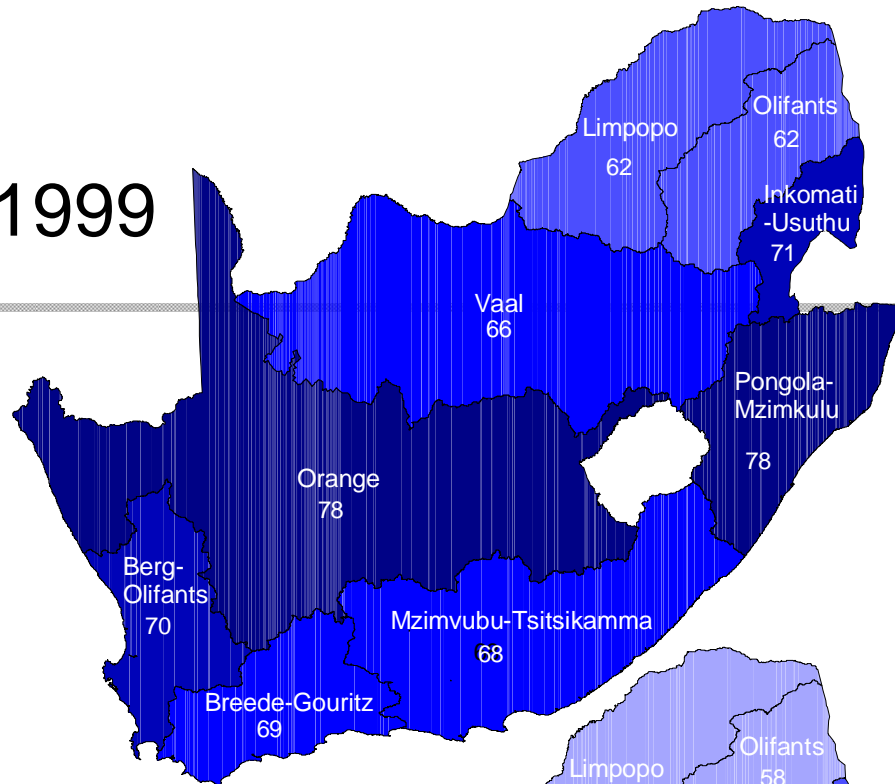
- **Sub-quaternaries** 8547
Average size ~170 km²



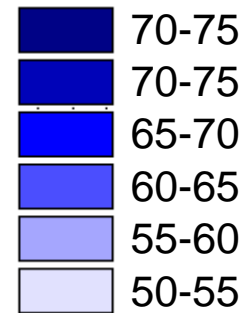
→ Condition scores for river reaches converted to an index

Converted to an index of ecological condition

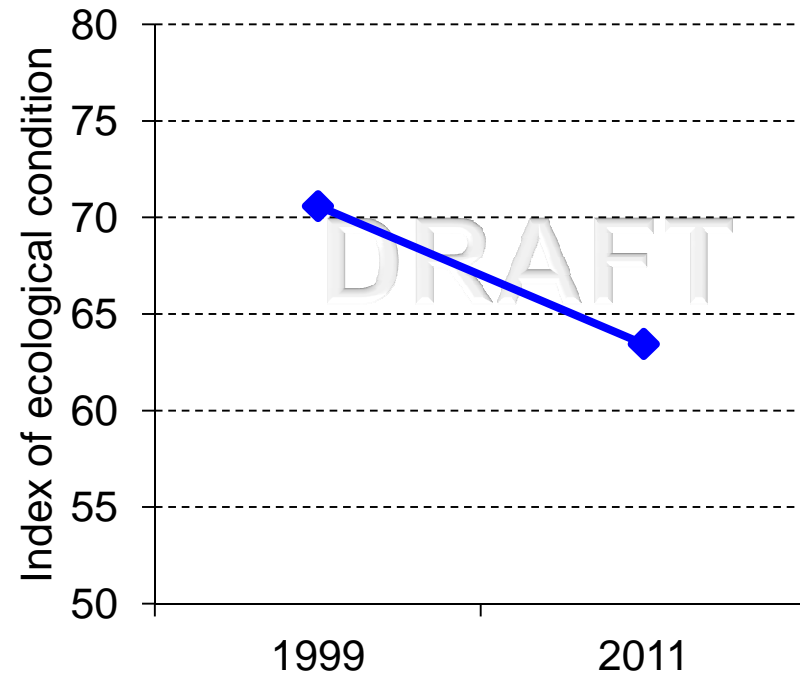
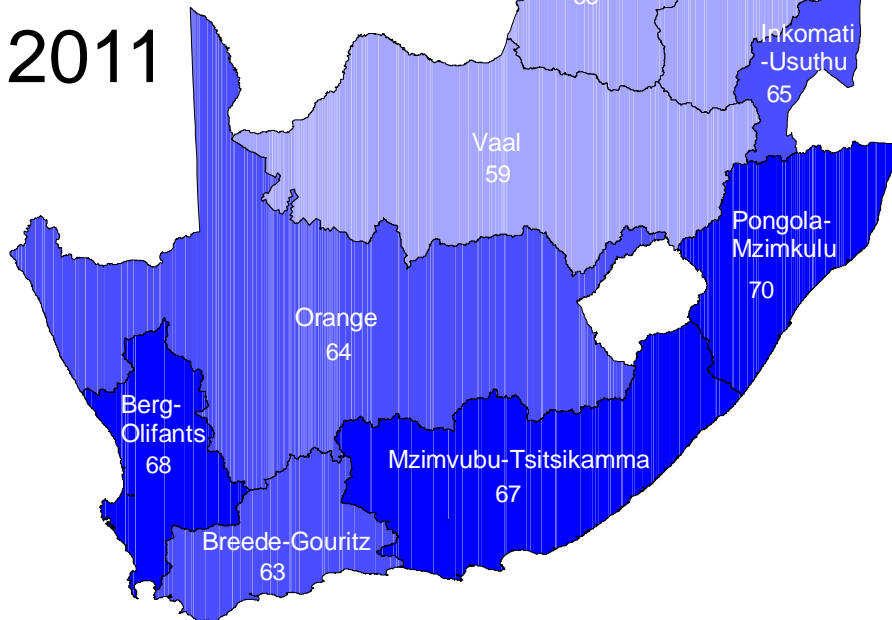
1999



Index of ecological condition for rivers



2011

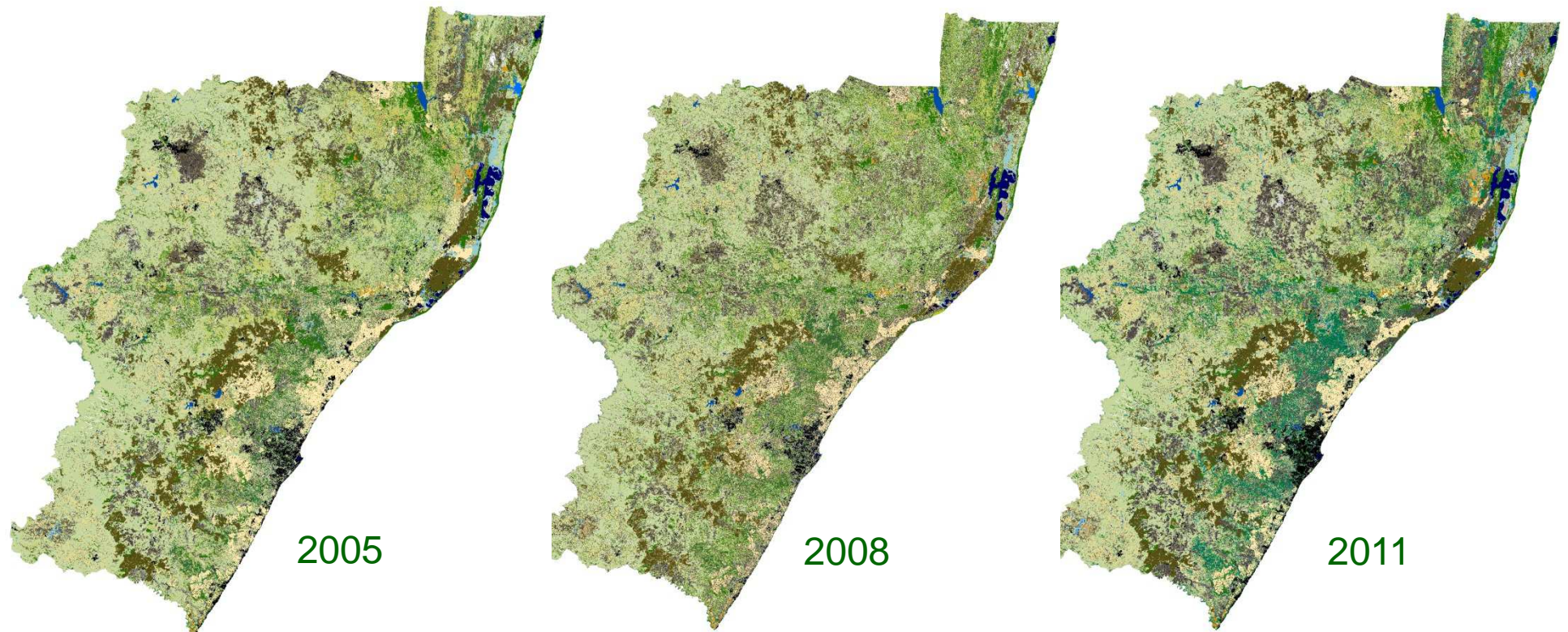


LAND COVER ACCOUNTS



Kwa Zulu Natal Province

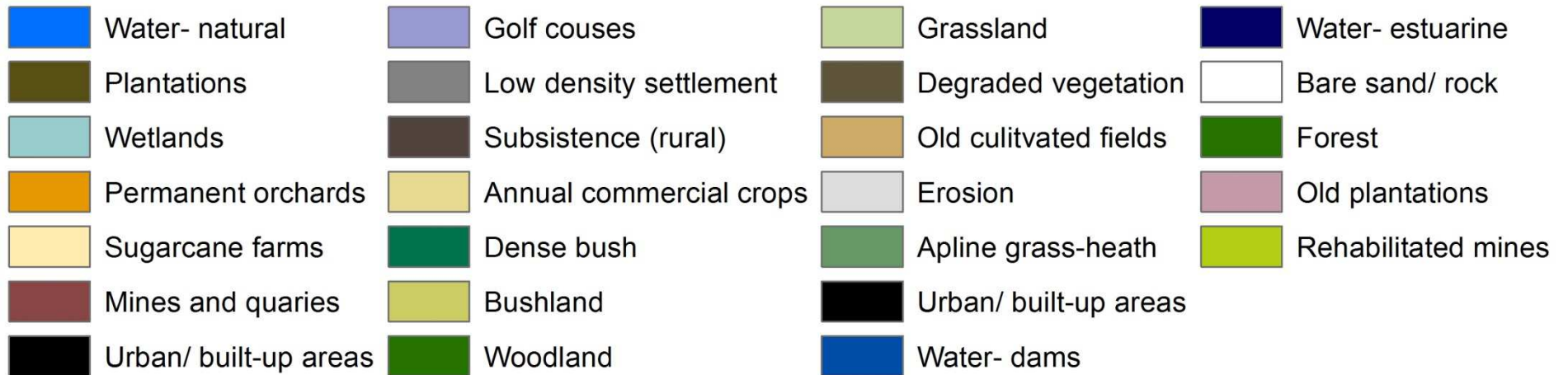
KZN land cover – 20m resolution



2005

2008

2011



Land cover change

Change in hectares	2005	2008	2011	Overall
Natural	6 183 851	5 610 397	5 483 808	-700 043
Sugarcane	503 441	385 739	385 639	-117 802
Golf courses	3 084	4 259	3 917	833
Mines	4 516	6 044	6 862	2 346
Dam	52 548	60 478	65 567	13 019
Irrigated Agriculture	119 430	138 521	132 771	13 341
Revegetation	43 116	68 874	66 598	23 482
Plantation	693 944	737 133	737 926	43 982
Degraded	707 545	791 643	767 888	60 343
Built up dense settlement	268 225	314 152	330 967	62 742
Dryland Agriculture	250 744	308 671	345 398	94 654
Low density settlement	499 020	904 341	1 002 899	503 879

- Natural and sugarcane biggest decreases
- Low density settlement by far the biggest increase
- Dryland agriculture increase second most in ha extent

% change per LC category	05 to 08	08 to 11	Overall
Sugarcane	-23	0	-23
Natural	-9	-2	-11
Plantation	6	0	6
Degraded	12	-3	9
Irrigated Agriculture	16	-4	11
Built up dense settlement	17	5	23
Dam	15	8	25
Golf courses	38	-8	27
Dryland Agriculture	23	12	38
Mines	34	14	52
Revegetation	60	-3	54
Low density settlement	81	11	101

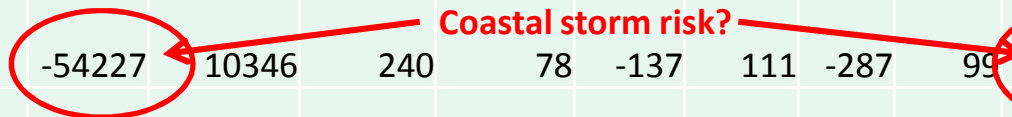
Big water resource impacts

Land Cover Accounts for Ecosystem Types: Vegetation types with highest change (2005-2011)

In hectares

VEG_TYPE	Natural	Degraded	Revegetation	Plantation	Dryland Agriculture	Irrigated Agriculture	Sugarcane	Dam	Low density settlement	Built up dense settlement	Golf courses	Mines
Amersfoort Highveld Clay Grassland	-62020	-3187	-210	95	3271	330	-9974	357	68056	2841	3	438
Drakensberg Afroalpine Heathland	-55606	6111	1662	2505	14867	750	2	1937	22788	4508	51	425
Subtropical Coastal Lagoons	-54227	10346	240	78	-137	111	-287	99	41670	2075	1	18
Basotho Montane Shrubland	-24974	-2579	120	2680	2128	773	34	250	19104	2413	35	16
Lesotho Highland Basalt Grassland	-21500	5635	14	4253	4373	-1214	0	284	6421	1648	6	80

Coastal storm risk?



Balito Bay Coastal Resort - 2009

