United Nations Economic Commission for Africa



Session 2: SNA Project in Africa

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African Centre for Statistics at
SEEA Training Seminar for the ECA
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Outline of the Presentation

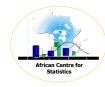
- SNA and SEEA
- Background and introduction of the SNA project in Africa
 - The purpose and objectives of the project
 - Major players
- Timeline of the project
- Phase I of the project: Expected Accomplishments and outcomes
- Implementation of the project: six pillars
- Progress of the project
- Upcoming activities and the way forward





SNA AND **SEEA**



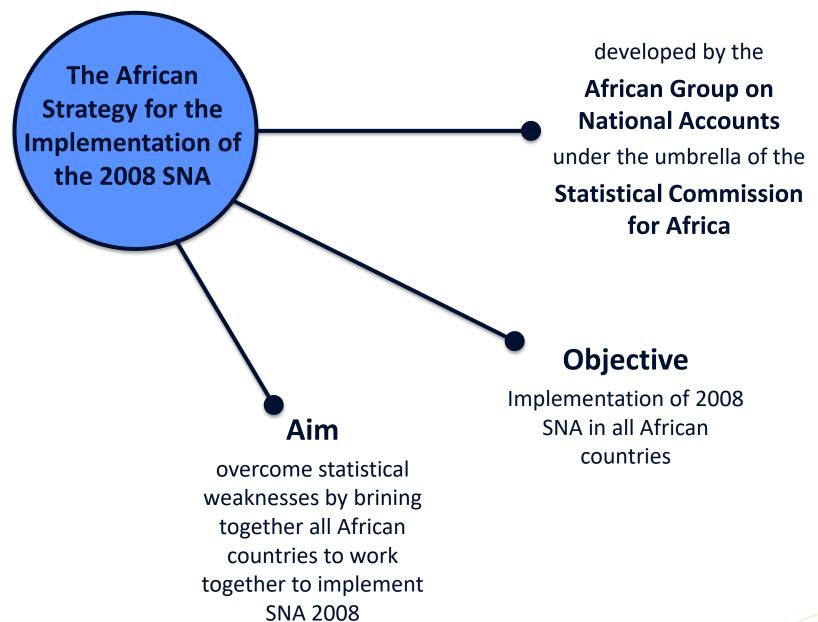


Relationship of SEEA to SNA

- SNA is a measurement framework of economic activity, economic wealth and the general structure of the economy.
- SEEA applies the accounting concepts, structures, rules and principles of SNA to environmental information.
- SEEA allows for the integration of environmental information with economic information in a single framework.
- SEEA is in general consistent with SNA with some limited differences.

BACKGROUND AND INTRODUCTION OF THE SNA PROJECT IN AFRICA











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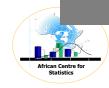
African Union Commission



Major roll players

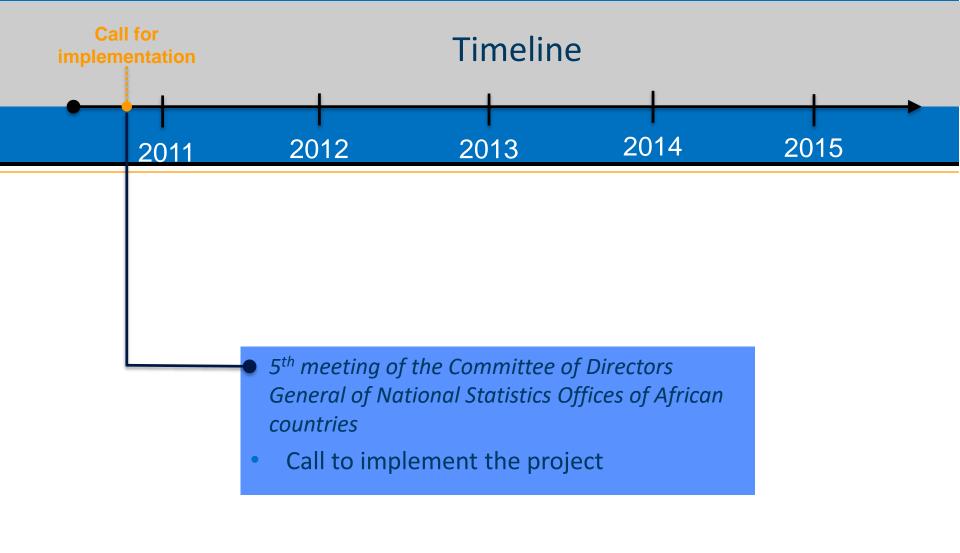
African Group on National Accounts





TIMELINE OF THE PROJECT







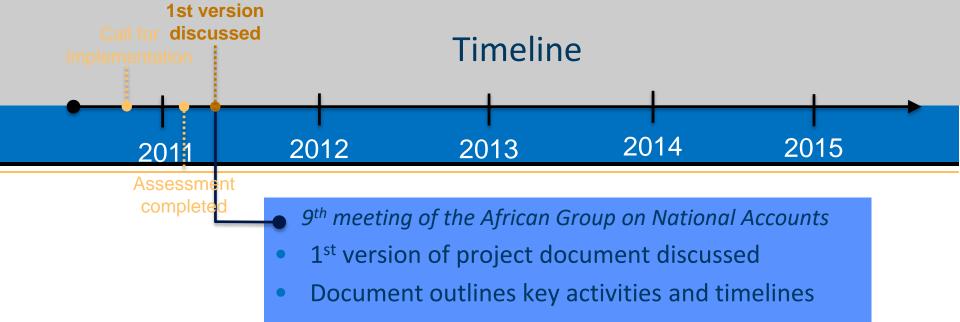




- Problem areas identified and interventions proposed
- Limited resources
- Weak capacity
- Unharmonious systems
- Inconsistent coverage
- Early stages

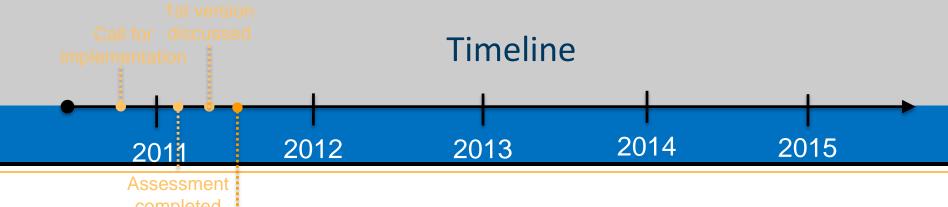












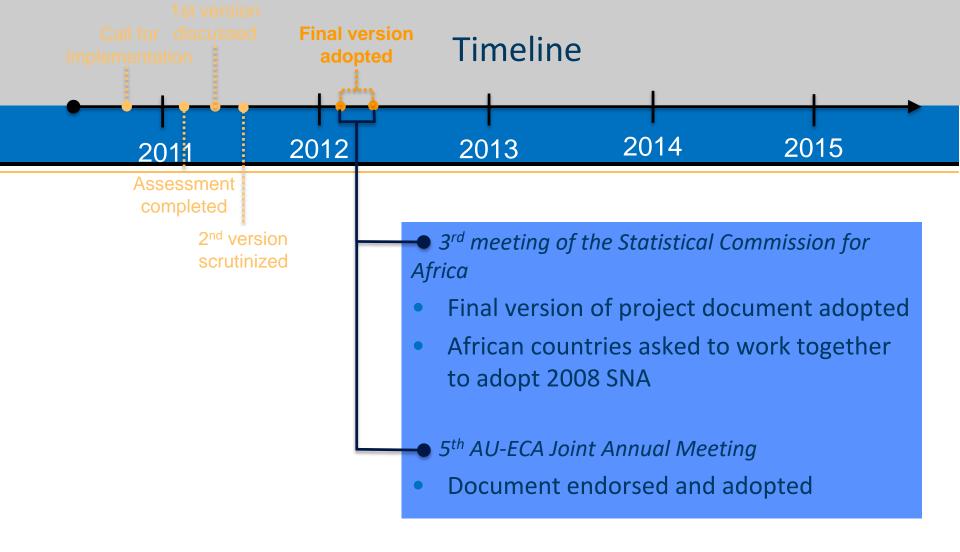
completed

2nd version
scrutinized

- 10th meeting of the African Group on National Accounts
- 2nd version of project document scrutinised
- Document endorsed and adopted
- Secretariat asked to amend and finalise document

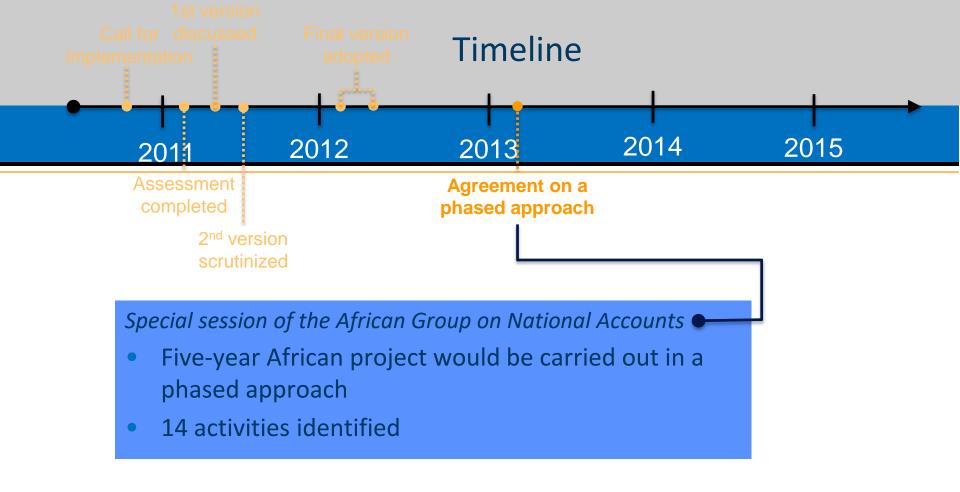












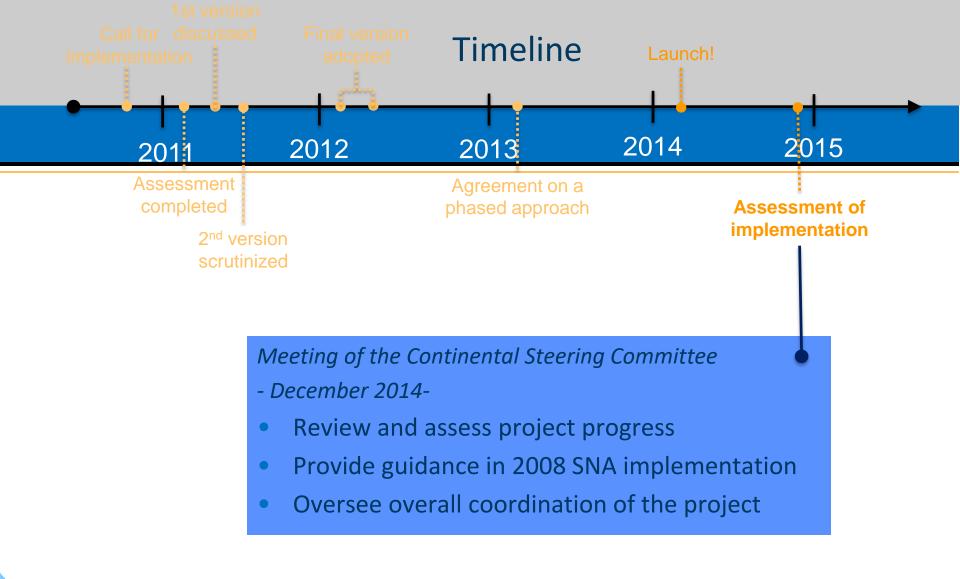
















PHASE I OF THE PROJECT: EXPECTED ACCOMPLISHMENTS AND OUTCOMES





Expected accomplishments and outcomes







IMPLEMENTATION: THE SIX PILLARS



Pillar 1: Country plans and actions

 Allows member states to align 2008 SNA with African statistical strategies and macroeconomic priorities

Pillar 2: Technical assistance (AfDB)

- Strengthen statistical institutions and the capacity of national statistics systems
- Adopt IT tools, conduct seminars and training workshops

Pillar 3: Institutional strengthening (RECs & Afristat)

Develop and strengthen coordination structures and systems





Pillar 4: Technical documents (ECA)

- Serve as operational guides for the compilation of national accounts
- Development of a guidebook and handbook

Pillar 5: Advocacy campaign (AUC)

Organized at a continental, regional and national levels

Pillar 6: Coordination, monitoring, evaluation and reporting

- Close monitoring of the project implementation plan
- Production and dissemination of monitoring and evaluation reports





PROGRESS OF THE PROJECT





Country Plans and Actions

- Up today, more than 21 countries reported to have already formulated country plans including Algeria, Benin, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Egypt, Ethiopia, Mali, Morocco, Niger, South Africa, and Swaziland.
- 15 countries are currently working on country plans including Botswana, Central African republic, Madagascar, Mauritius, Seychelles, Togo and Zambia.





Country Plans and Actions: Algeria, Benin & Botswana

- Algeria has conducted an economic census and update of business repertory; business survey; household expense and consumption survey; survey of financial enterprises; work on classifications; started transition to BPM6 (Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual).
- Benin: the 2008 SNA implementation plan is incorporated to the NSDS 2008.
- Botswana: a committee has been set up to come up with a 2008 implementation strategy, expected to be put in place by June 2015.





Country Plans and Actions: Burkina Faso, Burundi & Cameroon

- Burkina Faso: A ProDoc to rebase national accounts and implement the 2008 SNA has been sent to the Ministry of Economy and Finance, who will finance this activity through 2014-16. These projects are part of the capacity building program with the IMF. IMF is providing technical assistance.
- Burundi is conducting annual national agricultural survey since 2011/12; a formal non-profit enterprise survey is foreseen for 2015; adaptation of new classifications is programmed.
- Cameroon revised classifications of products and activities; a capacity building workshop has been organized for non-NSO experts; the fourth household survey is being conducted; an informal sector survey is programmed for 2015.

Country Plans and Actions: CAR, Egypt & Ethiopia

- Central African Republic is reorganizing its national accounts department to facilitate the implementation of the 2008 SNA; several actions have been incorporated in the NSDS.
- Egypt has defined a data protocol; had training for staff to improve skills in data analysis; is using and developing technology tools; has a strategy for publishing in line with international standards.
- Ethiopia has rebased its GDP to 2010/11; made improvement on GDP – expenditure approach; planning to elaborate quarterly national accounts and supply and use tables; these improvements were all align with the 2008 SNA.



Country Plans and Actions: Madagascar, Mali & Morocco

- Madagascar published new classifications conform to the ISIC rev 4 and the CPC 2.
- Mali is finalizing its action plan to implement the 2008 SNA.
- Morocco is rebasing its GDP to 2007; introducing some major changes from the 2008 SNA; adapting surveys and administrative data sources for the needs of the new SNA; is applying adapted frameworks in order to back cast and change over to the 2008 SNA; FISIM will be calculated according to the 2008 SNA and will be allocated to users; central bank output will be measure; research and development, military expenses are treated as fixed capital formation.



Country Plans and Actions: Mauritania & Niger

- Mauritania is elaborating a strategy and action plan.
- Niger is adapting a national classification inspired by regional classifications; is analyzing the impact of changing over to the 2008 SNA; is rebasing to 2012; improving data sources in areas where information is not sufficient; exploiting survey data; implementing public finance (2001) and balance of payments manual (6); updating business registrations.





Country Plans and Actions: Seychelles & Swaziland

- Seychelles has identified activities to implement the 2008 SNA; set priorities to graduate to the IMF SDDS by mid-2015; trained staff for compiling national accounts; made improvements in quarterly GDP production approach, PPI manufacturing, etc.; updated transition plans based on national priorities for 2016;
- Swaziland has undertaken an economic census and acquired technical assistance from the IMF for rebasing and implementing some aspects of SNA2008.





UPCOMING ACTIVITIES AND THE WAY FORWARD









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Thank you