

SEEA and Post-2020 GBF Monitoring Framework

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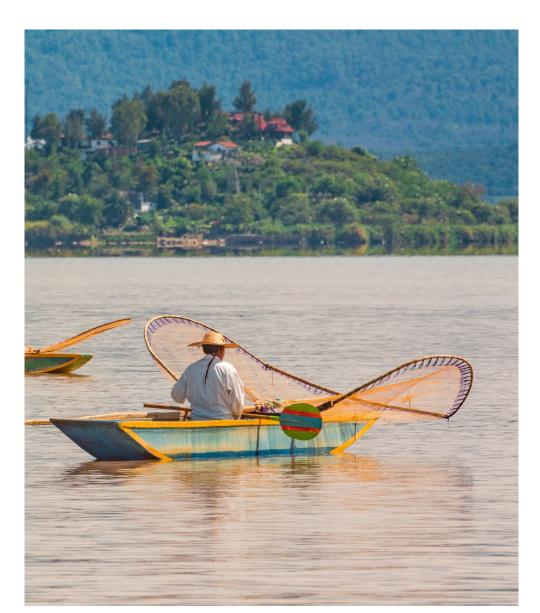
United Nations Statistics Division

9 December 2022

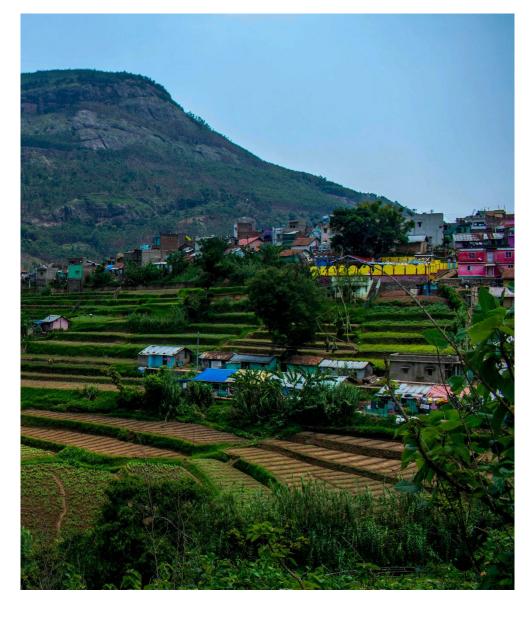


The Need

- Our economy and well-being crucially depends on nature
- But headline indicators like GDP do not capture these vital contributions.
- As a result, decision makers don't have access to key information necessary to effectively pursue and track sustainable development.
- The System of Environmental Economic Accounts (SEEA) fills that gap.
- SEEA integrates information on the economy and the environment showing their interrelationship complementing the System of National Accounts



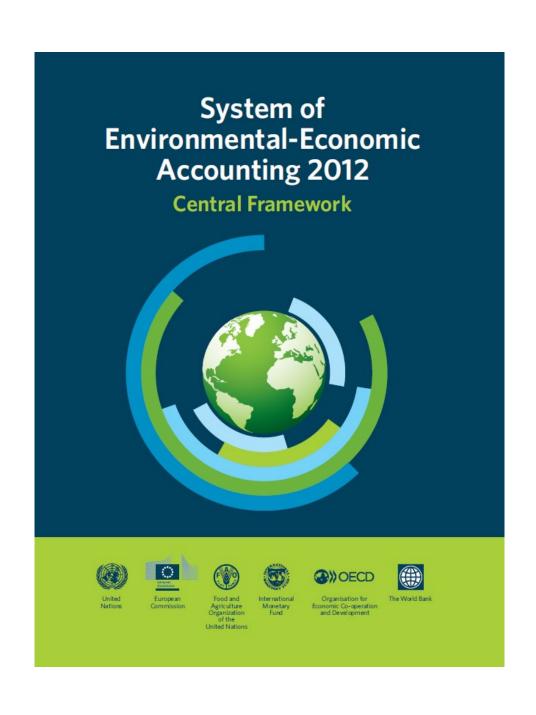


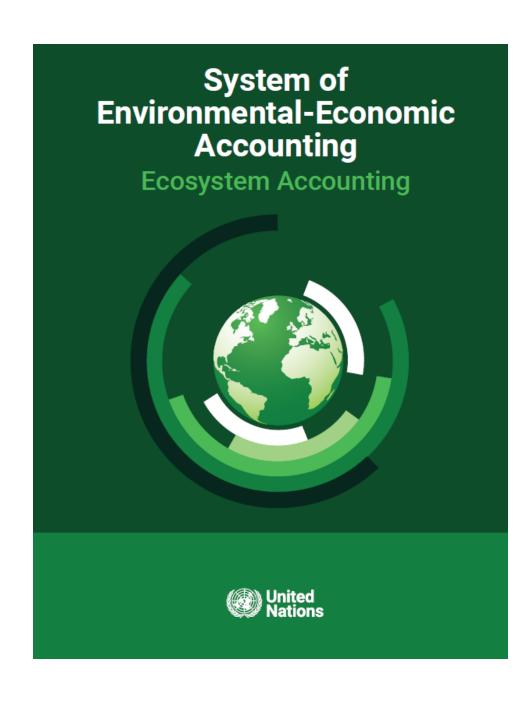






SEEA: a standard to measure and value nature







Brings together environmental and economic data using the same accounting principles of the SNA



Credibility, reliability, replicability of data



Consistency over time and space



Common language between different communities

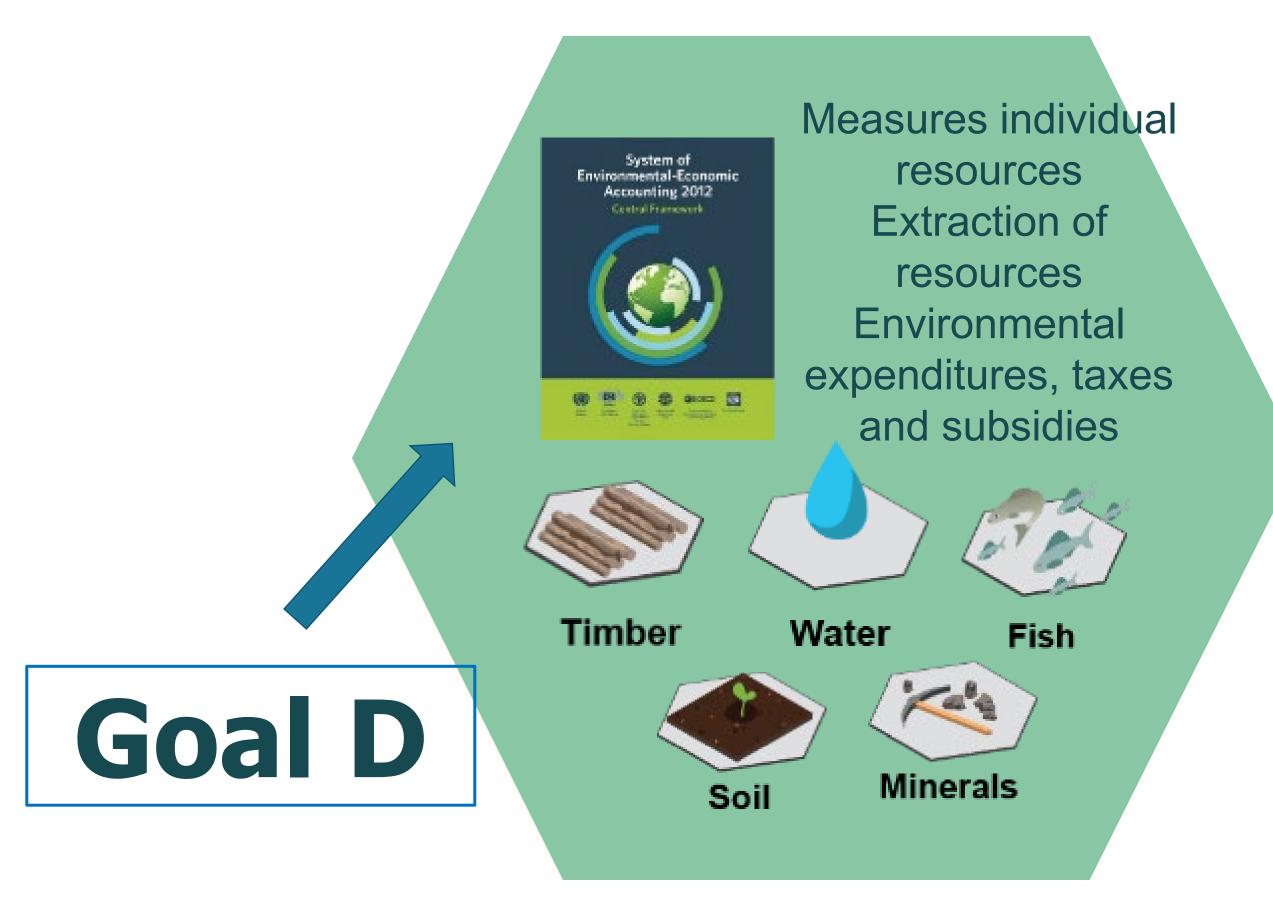


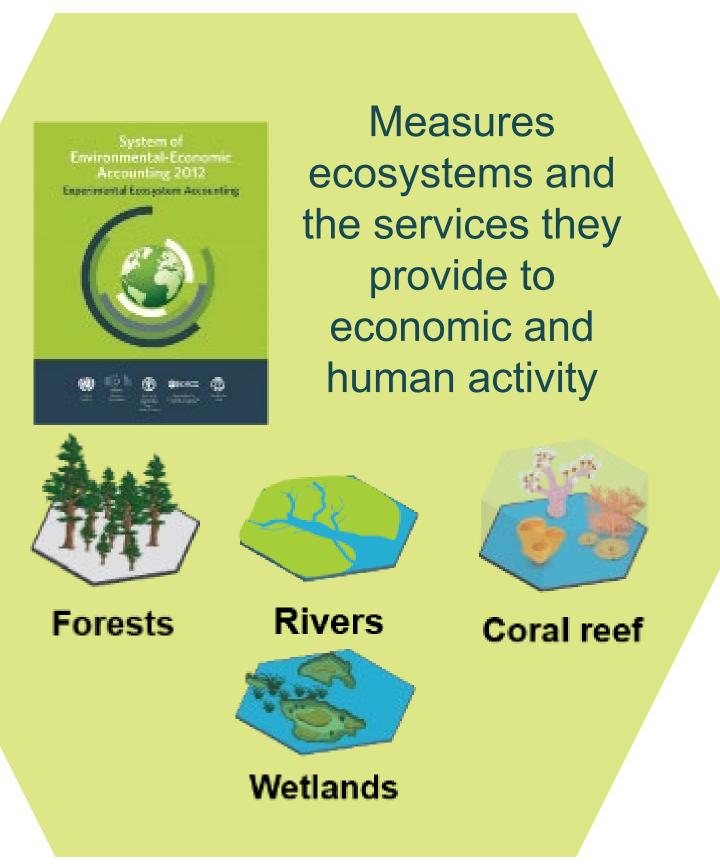
Breaks down silos and fosters collaboration

From data silos to integrated information

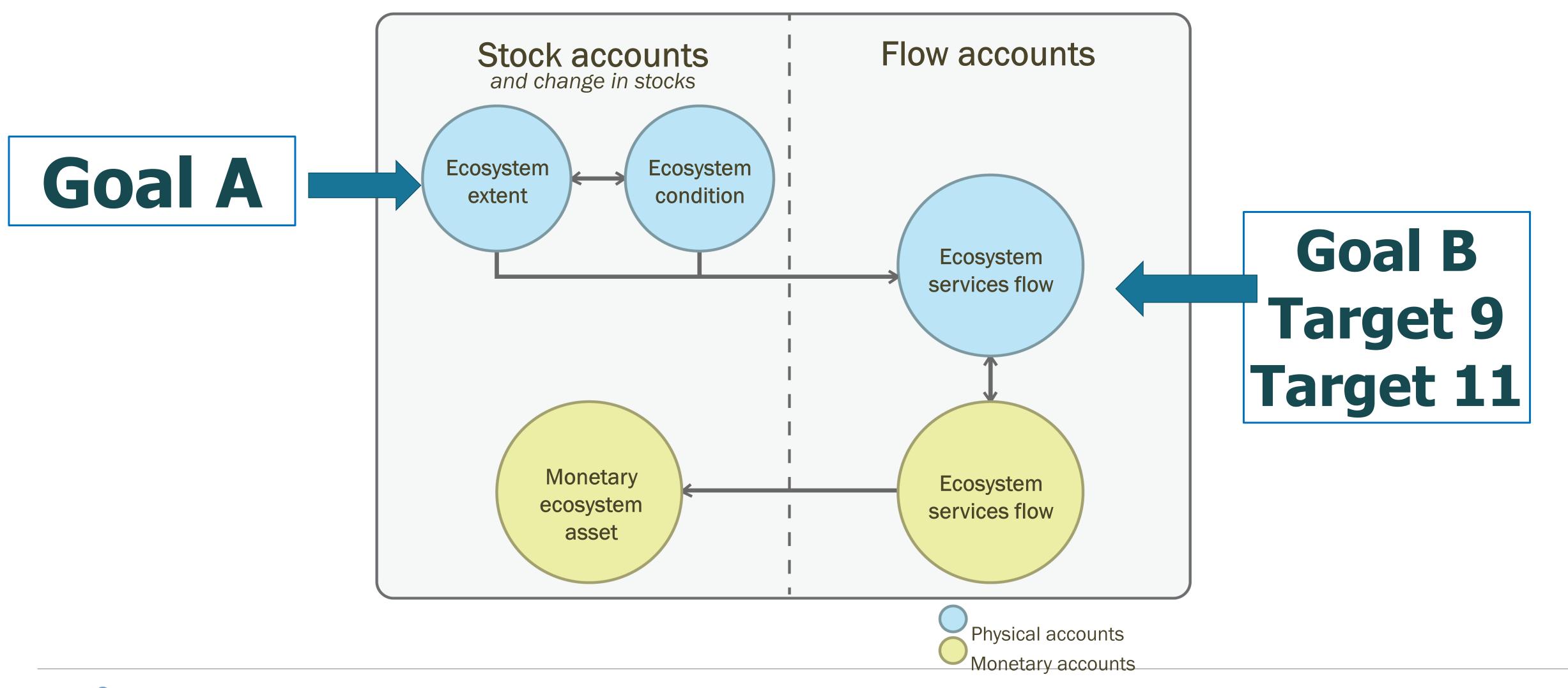
Agency A Agency B Agency C Policy A Policy B Policy C **Indicators** Info A Info B Info C Data A Data B Data C **Accounts** SNA | SEEA **Basic Data** Economic | Social | Environmental

Two sides of the SEEA





SEEA Ecosystem Accounting - Core Accounts





The SEEA supports multiple ongoing initiatives



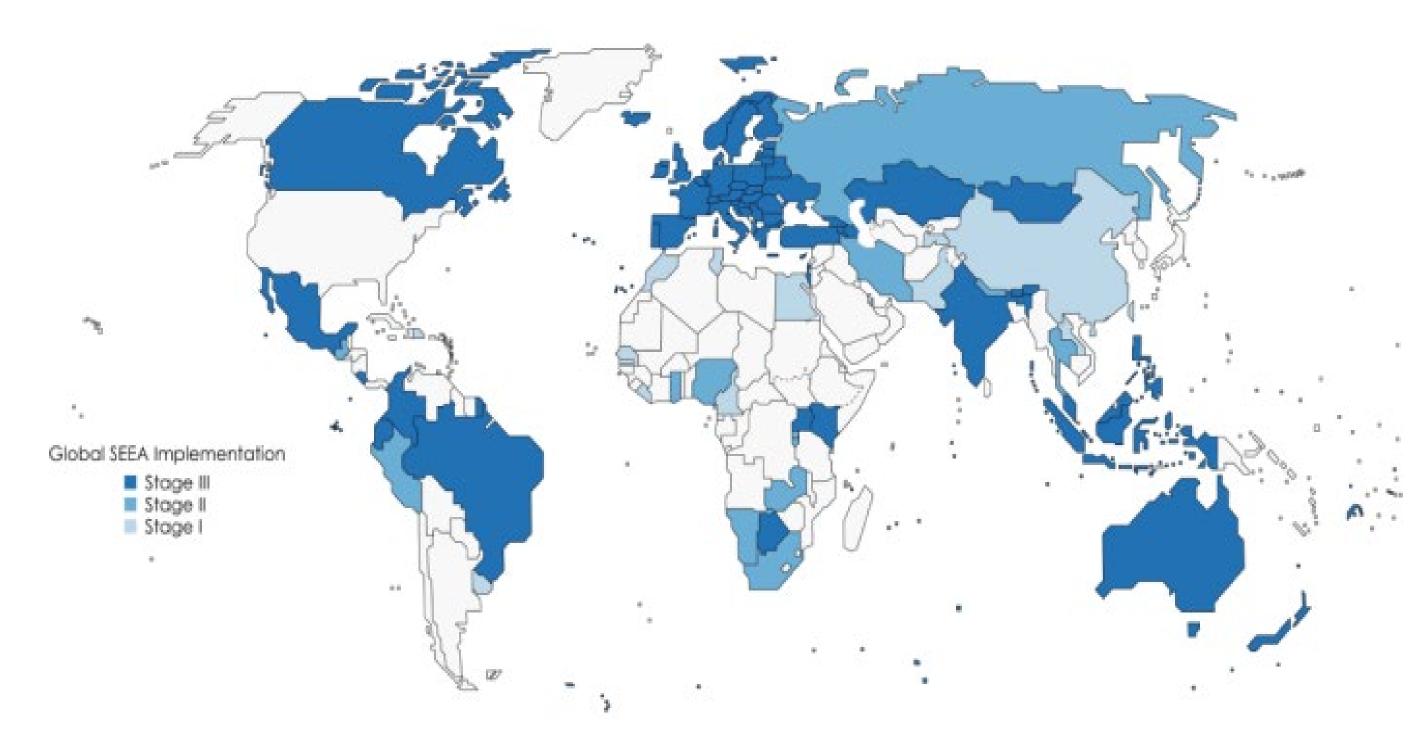




Global implementation for SEEA

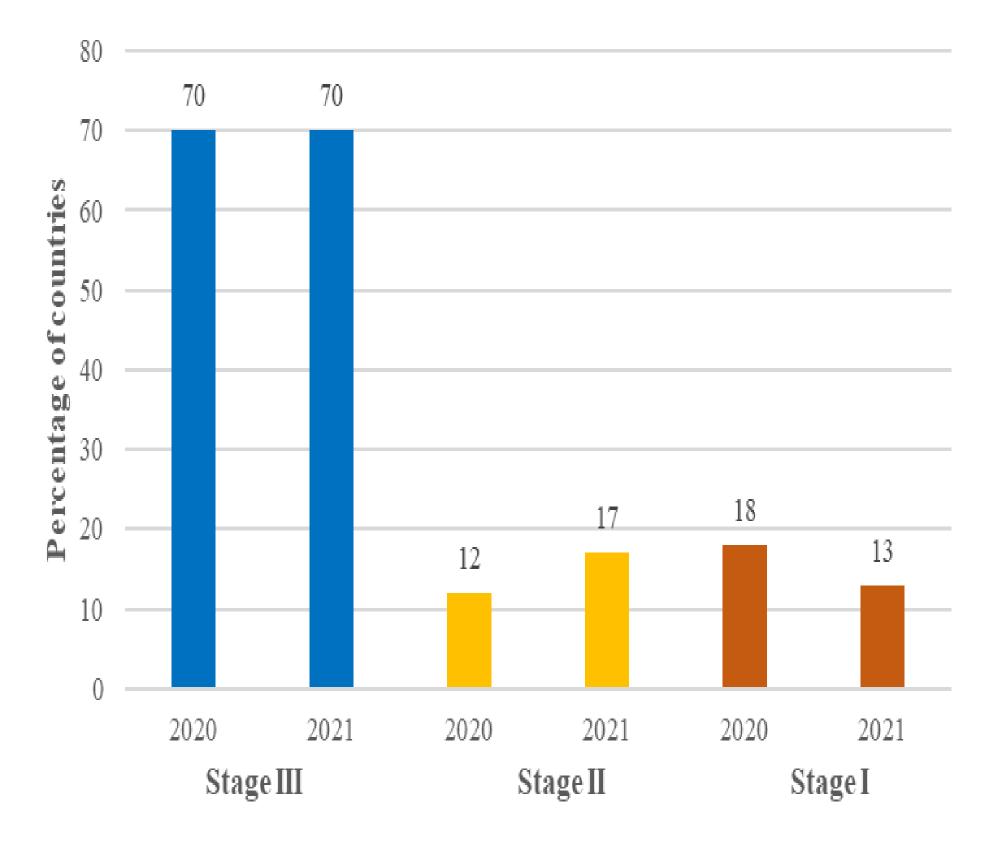


SEEA Implementation



SEEA status of implementation 2021:

- 90 countries implementing the SEEA Central Framework*
- 37 countries compiling SEEA Ecosystem Accounts

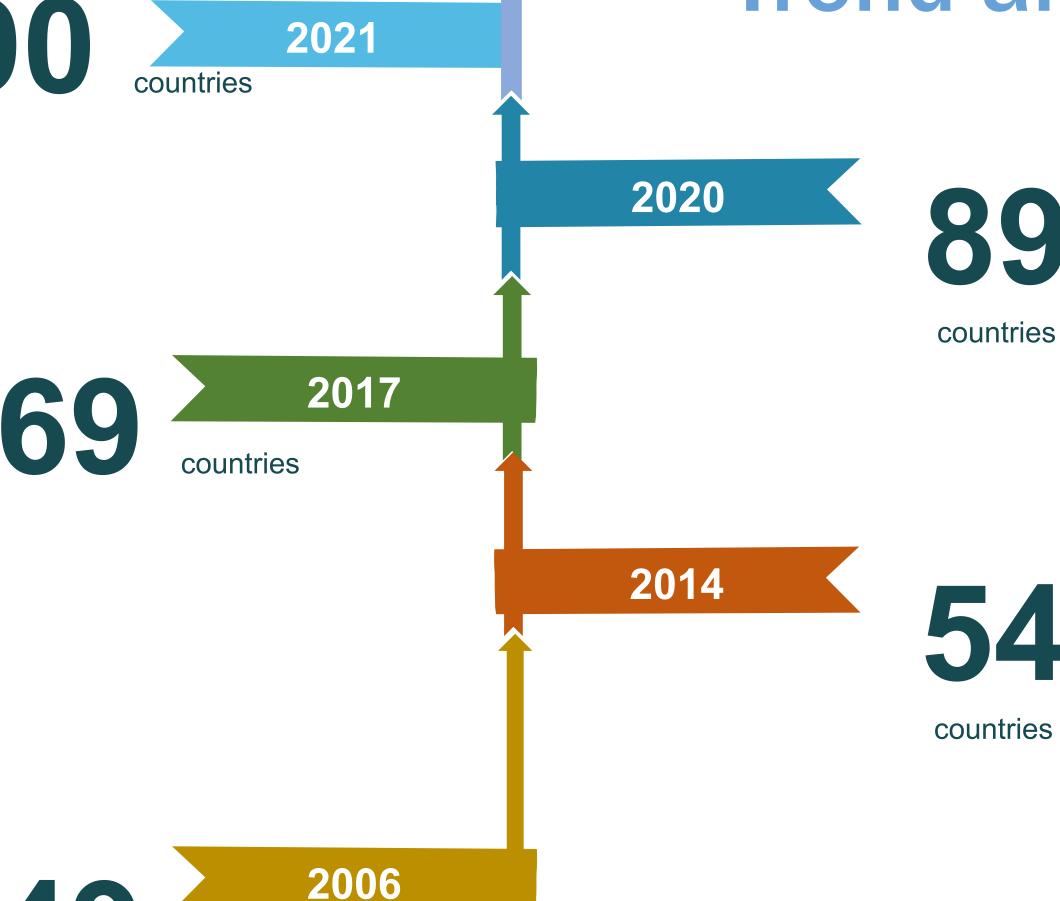


Stage III: Regular compilation and dissemination

Stage II: Dissemination
Stage 1: Compilation



Stages of SEEA Implementation - Trend and geographical breakdowns



	Number of	Stage of implementation					
	countries that compiled at least one account in the past five years (1)	Regular compilation and dissemination (Stage III)		Dissemination (Stage II)		Compilation (Stage I)	
		Number of countries (2)	Percenta ge of countries (2÷1)	Number of countries (3)	Percenta ge of countries (3÷1)	Number of countries (4)	Percenta ge of countries (4÷1)
All countries	89	62	70%	15	17%	12	13%
By geographical region	n:						
Africa	17	4	24%	7	41%	6	35%
Central, Eastern, Southern and South-Eastern Asia	14	7	50%	3	21%	4	29%
Europe and	1 7	/	30 / 0	<u>J</u>	21/0	T	27/0
Northern America	38	36	95%	1	3%	1	3%
Latin America and Caribbean	8	5	63%	2	25%	1	12%
Oceania	5	4	80%	1	20%	0	0%
Western Asia	7	6	86%	1	14%	0	0%



^{*} Since the 2021 Global Assessment was conducted and the report prepared for the 53rd Session of the UN Statistical Commission, the count of countries implementing the SEEA has increased to 90, with the addition of Uruguay. To see country-by-country detailed results of implementation, please see here: https://seea.un.org/content/2021- global-assessment-results.

Why SEEA?

- Adds value to the individual data
- Makes nature count within economic planning and decisionmaking
- Develops a common language among disciplines that decision makers can relate to
- Standardization is important in order to obtain high-quality, replicable over time and space and comparable statistics
- **SEEA catalyzes collaboration** due its multi-disciplinary nature between different stakeholders--statistical office and universities, line ministries, businesses, etc
- Provides framework for deriving indicators and scenario analysis



THANK YOU

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