



HOW GREEN IS THE RECOVERY?

INSIGHTS FROM THE OECD GREEN RECOVERY DATABASE

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Measure-by-measure analysis: The OECD Green Recovery Database

To assess the “greenness” of recovery, the OECD has developed a database that:

- ✓ Tracks 1 699 recovery-related **measures with environmental impacts**
- ✓ Covers **44 countries and the EU** (OECD and most other G20)
- ✓ Categorises measures: **positive, negative, or mixed** environmental impact
- ✓ Covers **several environmental dimensions** (climate, water, biodiversity, etc.)



Caution required when
comparing and interpreting data

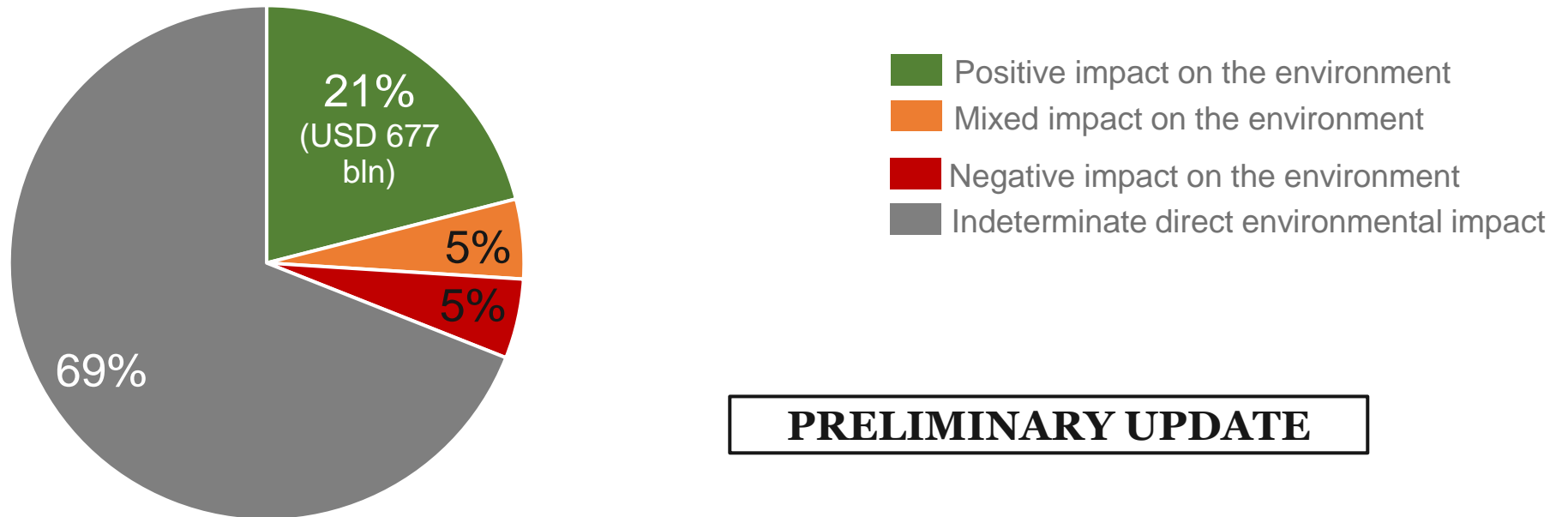
See the database at :
<http://www.oecd.org/coronavirus/en/themes/green-recovery>





The recovery budget allocated to “green” measures amounts to around 21% of total recovery funding

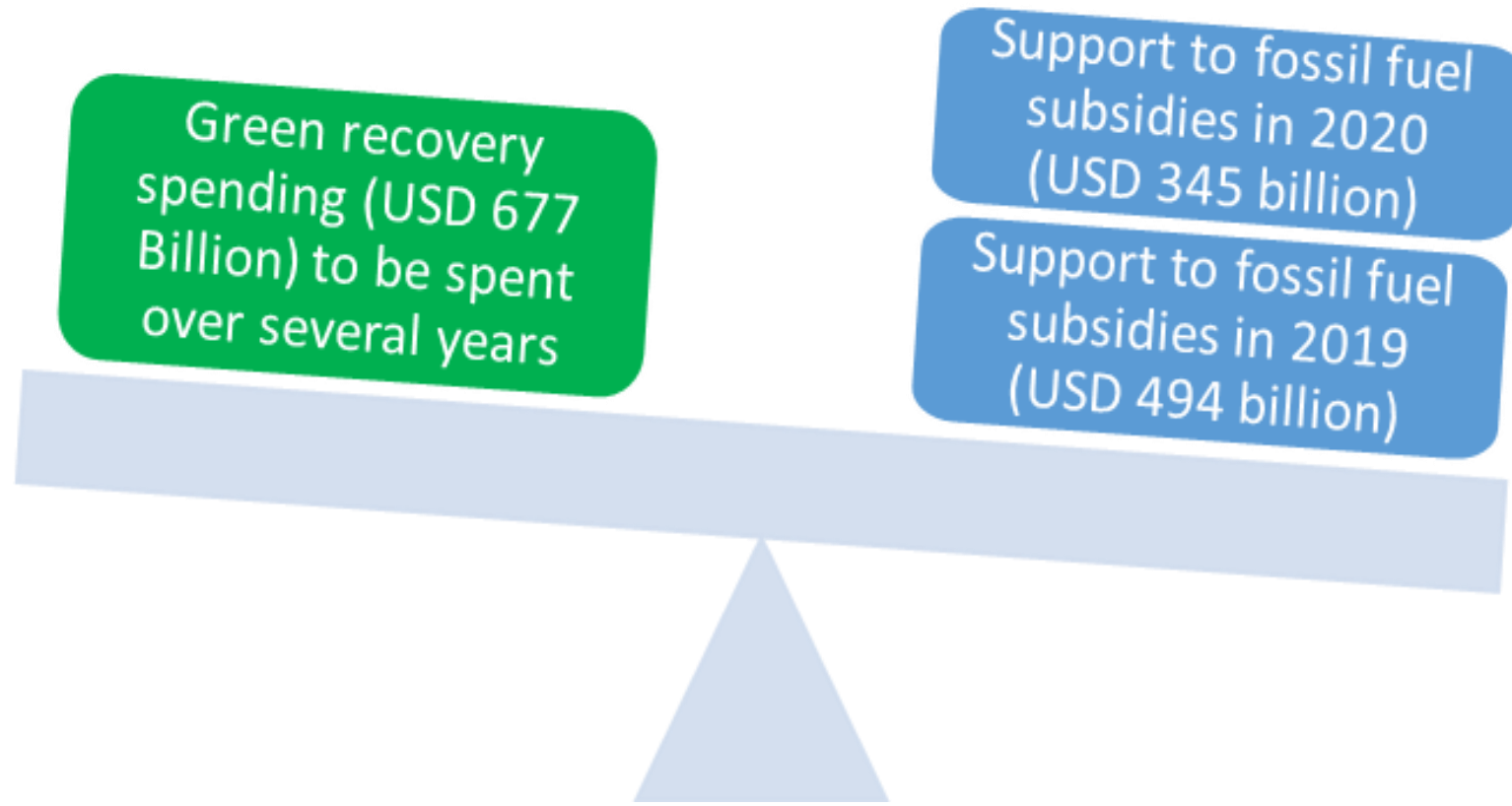
Share of total recovery-related spending
up to 31 July 2021
(USD 3.24 trillion)



Since our April 2021 release, “green” spending has increased from USD 336 billion to USD 677 billion, rising from 17% to 21% of the total



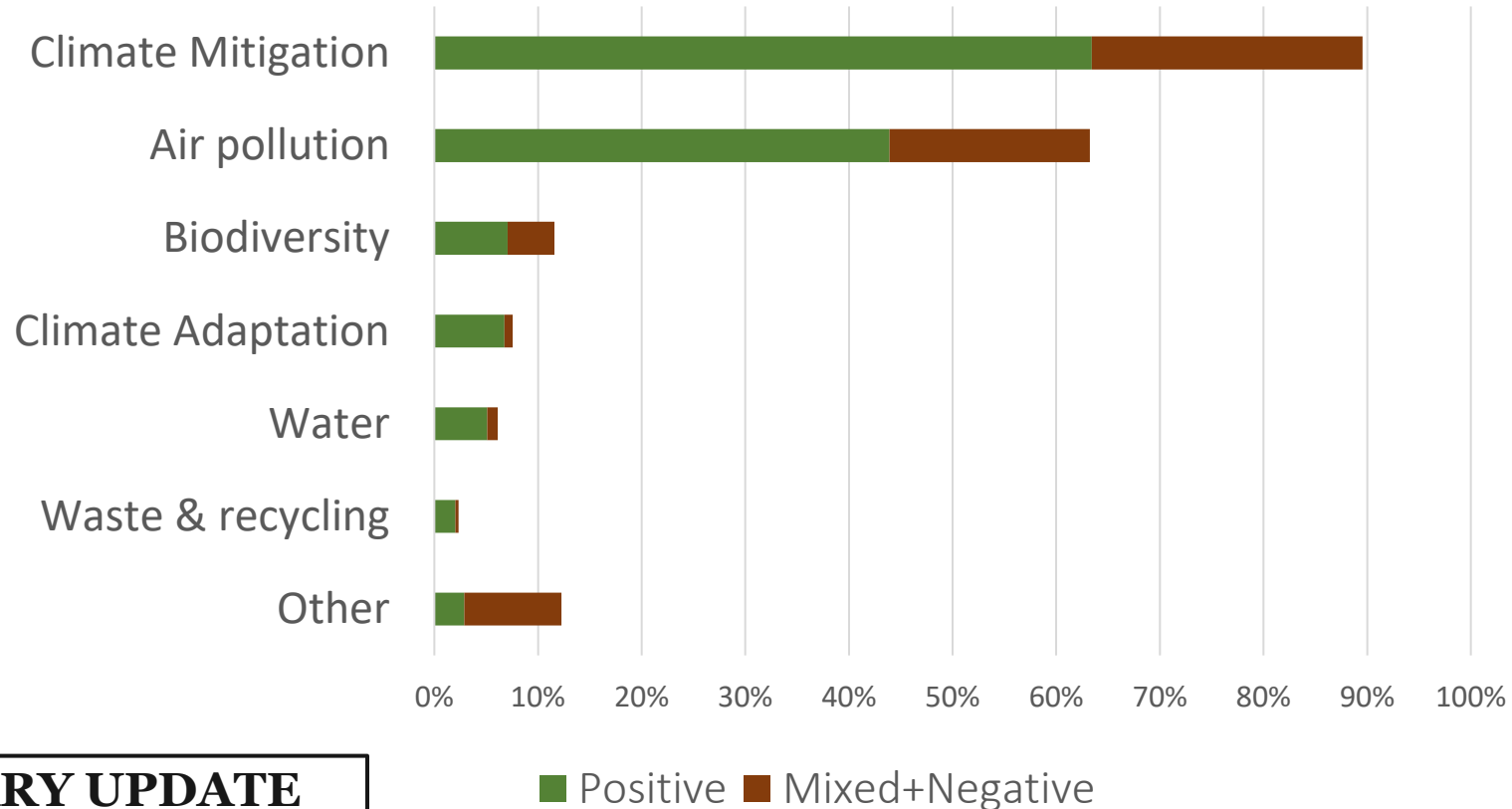
Government support to fossil fuels over two years outweighs total green recovery spending





Green measures are heavily focused on climate mitigation and air pollution

Environmental dimensions most affected by recovery measures with positive, mixed and negative environmental implications



PRELIMINARY UPDATE

■ Positive ■ Mixed+Negative



THANK YOU

Explore the OECD Green Recovery database here:
www.oecd.org/coronavirus/en/themes/green-recovery

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