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# Post-2020 Global Biodiversity Framework

## Monitoring Framework

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# What is the GBF?



During the fifteenth meeting of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity will adopt a post-2020 **global biodiversity framework (GBF)** as a stepping stone towards the 2050 Vision of "Living in harmony with nature".

# GBF Logic

- **Goals:** State and state indicators (e.g. Ecosystem extent, Gross Ecosystem Product)
- **Targets:** Actions and action indicators (e.g. Protected areas (policy indicator), material footprint (consumption indicator))



Shift from the Aichi (2010-2020) which only included targets.

# Monitoring Approach

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## Develop SDG-type indicators for the Goals and Targets

- <https://www.cbd.int/doc/c/705d/6b4b/a1a463c1b19392bde6fa08f3/sbstta-24-03-en.pdf>

## Balance aspiration and feasibility

- Preference to existing indicators, but not at the expense of measuring what is important
- Preference for existing national methodologies which have been agreed by an intergovernmental body
  - SEEA and FDES



# Indicator groups

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## Group 1 - Headline indicators:

- A minimum set of high-level indicators to capture the overall scope of the goals and targets.
- Attempting to develop goal datasets/models which can be used in absence of national data sources.
- For National Reporting (mandatory under the Convention.)

## Group 2 - Component indicators

- More detailed, often a disaggregation of the Headline indicators

## Group 3 - Complementary indicators

- For thematic or in-depth analysis, may be less relevant some countries.

