Water accounts

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Outline

- Water and climate change
- Measuring water assets
- Measuring water supply and use
- Indicators



Water and climate change





Water and climate change

- * Shifts to rainfall patterns
- Water scarcity
- * Changes to water cycle
 - More floods
 - More droughts
- Related issues
 - Food production
 - Health impacts
 - Etc.



Measuring water assets





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Hydrological cycle—the simple view



- Liquid and solid flows, and precipitation
- − − − → Vapour flows including evaporation



Hydrological cycle—a more detailed view



Some further details about water



Asset accounts

* An asset is a store of value representing a benefit or series of benefits accruing to the economic owner by holding or using the entity over a period of time. It is a means of carrying forward value from one accounting period to another.

* Recall definition of environmental assets in SEEA CF (different from SNA):

naturally occurring living and non-living components of the Earth, together constituting the biophysical environment, which may provide benefits to humanity.

*And ecosystem assets (in SEEA Ecosystem Accounting)

Ecosystem assets (EAs) are contiguous spaces of a specific ecosystem type characterized by a distinct set of biotic and abiotic components and their interactions.



What assets are in scope (we sometime add brackish water)

Classification of inland water bodies

Inland water bodies

- 1 Surface water
- 1.1 Artificial reservoirs
- 1.2 Lakes
- 1.3 Rivers and streams
- 1.4 Glaciers, snow and ice
- 2 Groundwater
- 3 Soil water



Asset accounts

*Water is an environmental asset

- *Unique in that it is always in motion!
- *We exclude oceans, seas, and atmosphere from scope but can include brackish water
- *Issues with time and place to consider



Structure of the asset account

Surface water Groundwater Soil water Artificial Lakes Rivers and reservoirs streams Opening stock of water resources Image: Stream strea
Artificial Lakes Rivers and reservoirs Rivers and streams Opening stock of water resources Image: Streams Additions to stock Image: Streams Returns Image: Streams Precipitation Image: Streams
reservoirs streams Opening stock of water resources Image: Stock of water resources Additions to stock Image: Stock of water resources Returns Image: Stock of water resources Precipitation Image: Stock of water resources
Opening stock of water resources Image: Constraint of the stock Additions to stock Image: Constraint of the stock Precipitation Image: Constraint of the stock
Additions to stock Returns Precipitation
Returns Precipitation
Precipitation
Inflows from other territories
Inflows from other inland water resources
Discoveries of water in aquifers
Total additions to stock
Reductions in stock
Abstraction
Evaporation & actual evapotranspiration
Outflows to other territores
Outflows to the sea
Outflows to other inland water resources
Total reductions in stock
Closing stock of water resources



Measuring water supply and use





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What are we accounting for?

- 1. The abstraction of water from the inland water system, and seas and oceans by economic units
- 2. The distribution and use of this water by various economic units
- 3. The returns of water to the inland water system and seas and oceans

Before compiling the PSUT, please think about what information is need by your user/policy makers and at what level of detail (disaggregation)



Simplified structure of supply table

PHYSICAL SUPPLY TABLE	Industries (by ISIC)							House-	Flows	Flows from	TOTAL
	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishery (ISIC A)	Mining, Quarrying and Manufacturing (ISIC B & C)	Electricity, gas, steam & air conditioning supply (ISIC D)	Water collection, treatment & supply (ISIC 36)	Sewerage (ISIC 37)	Other Industries	Total Industry	holds	from the Rest of the World (Imports)	the Environment	SUPPLY
1. Sources of Abstracted Water:											
Inland Water Resources											******
Other Water Sources											
TOTAL SUPPLY ABSTRACTED WATER											
2. Abstracted water:						*					
For distribution											
For own use											
3. Wastewater and reused water:			·			·					
Total Wastewater		1					1				
Reused water produced (for distribution)				200200200200200200200200200200200200200							
TOTAL WASTEWATER AND REUSED WATER											
4. Return flows of water:											
To inland water resources											
To other sources											
TOTAL RETURN FLOWS											
5. Evaporation of abstracted water	r, transpira	tion and wate	er incorporated	d into produ	cts:						
TOTAL WATER EVAPORATED, TRANSPIRED AND INCORPORATED INTO PRODUCTS				200200000000000000000000000000000000000							000000000000000000000000000000000000000
6. TOTAL SUPPLY						0					



Simplified structure of use table

PHYSICAL USE TABLE	Industries (by ISIC)								-n u	Flows	Flows to the	TOTAL
	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishery	Mining & Quarrying	Electricity, gas, steam & air conditioning supply	Water collection, treatment & supply	Sewerage	Other Industries	Total Industry	holds	Accum lati	from the Rest of the World	Environment	SUPPLY
	(ISIC A)	(ISIC B)	(ISIC D)	(ISIC 36)	(ISIC 37)					(Imports)		
1. Sources of Abstracted Water:												
Inland Water Resources												
Other Water Sources												
TOTAL USE ABSTRACTED WATER			1									
2. Abstracted water:												
Distributed water												
Own use of water												
3. Wastewater and reused water:												
Total Wastewater												
Reused water (distributed reuse)												
TOTAL WASTEWATER AND REUSED WATER												
4. Return flows of water:												
To inland water resources												
To other sources												
TOTAL RETURN FLOWS												
5. Evaporation of abstracted wate	r, transpirat	ion and wat	er incorporate	d into produ	cts:							
TOTAL WATER EVAPORATED, TRANSPIRED AND INCORPORATED INTO PRODUCTS												
6. TOTAL USE												



Some things to keep in mind

* Space

- * Usually PSUT compiled at the national level
- * Can also be relevant to compile at water basin level, for each island or other administrative level

* Time

- * Usually PSUT compiled on an annual basis, lining up with the national accounts (makes integration easier)
- * Water cycle might be different
- * Need to be mindful of variation in time and space
- * Units: cubic meters (usually in millions)



Thank you



