## SEEA-energy – some general remarks

Intended audience:

- Compilers at statistical offices, etc.
- For new-comers not only for experts in national accounts end energy statistics
- Should stand on its own feets, i.e. not necessary to know SEEA, SNA or IRES to understand and use the text
- The individual chapters should to some extent be independent of the other chapters (i.e. some repetition is involved)
- Style is different from SEEA

#### General remarks

- Elaborate SEEA with regard to energy and gather from SEEA and SEEA all issues related to energy
- Aims at being consistent with SNA2008, SEEA and Ires to the extent possible
- However air emissions and other residuals from energy production and use are not included
- Assets and flows Physical and monetary
- Describe, accounts, concepts and methods in energy accounting

General remarks

- Existing draft is very broad with a large number of accounts/tables – so far no recommended tables/minimum requirements
- Chapter 3-6 focus on the full accounts/tables not on individual aggregates and indicators
- SEEA-E is not intended to be a compilers manual but for some issues it is close to being it (e.g. the net present value method, NPV)

## Chapter 1 - Introduction to SEEA-E

- Not yet fully elaborated
- Should give an introduction to SEEA-E and an overview of the publication
- Give background and explain the relevance and value added of accounting for energy
- Explain the role of SEEA-E within the suite of publications (SNA, SEEA, IRES, ESCM, SEEA-water, etc.)

## Chapter 2 – The SEEA-E Framework

- Not yet fully elaborated
- Description of overall links and flows of energy into, trough and out of the economy
- General concepts, boundaries, definitions, classifications, terminology used throughout SEEA-E
- Some text can probably be moved from other chapters to chapter 2 (would in some cases help to avoid repetitions)

# Chapter 3 Physical asset accounts

- Defines the scope of physical asset accounts
- Includes in principle all energy resources
- But although renewable energy resources are assets, they are not included for practical reasons
- Classifications by type and by characteristics
- Asset accounts for energy resources and for energy products (inventories)
- Expanation of what the each item of the accounts means

## Chapter 3

Chapt	ter 3 Physical asset accounts for energy	3
A.	Introduction	3
	Energy resources	
	Classifications of energy resources	
	Quantification and units in the physical resource accounts	
	Physical asset accounts for energy resources	
C.	Inventories of energy products	
1.	Classification of energy products	
2.	Physical asset accounts for inventories	

## Chapter 4 Monetary asset accounts

- The items of the monetary asset accounts are in principle already included in the SNA 2008 however seldom/never in practice
- This chapter should be useful also for national accountants
- The chapter aims at giving precise advice on what the accounts should look like, and how they should be set up
- Puts a market value on the physical accounts in chapter 3
- Detailed description of the NPV method for valuing both stocks and the changes in stocks
- Gives a detailed description of the link to the SNA 2008

## Chapter 4

Chapter 4 Monetary asset accounts	4
A. Introduction	4
B. The scope of the monetary asset accounts	5
1. SEEA-E monetary asset accounts	5
2. The link to SNA 2008	6
C. The structure and accounting items of the monetary energy asset accounts	7
D. Correspondence between SEEA-E and the SNA 2008 asset accounts	10
E. Valuation of stocks of energy resources - the net present value method (NPV)	11
1. The basic idea	11
2. Future extraction profile	12
3. Actual resource rent and per unit resource rent	13
4. Future per unit resource rents	16
5. Total future resource rents	17
F. Additional issues related to the valuation of stocks of energy resources	21
1. Allocating the resource rent to specific types of products resulting from combined	
production	
2. Determining the return on fixed assets	21
3. Determining the discount rate	22
G. Changes between opening and closing stocks of natural resources	
H. Constant prices and volume measures	32
I. Monetary asset accounts for inventories of energy products	33
J. Asset accounts for other assets used by the extraction industries	35
K. Accounting for ownership	39
Annex: General decomposition of the change in net present value between opening and	
closing stock	42

# Chapter 5 Physical flow accounts

- Main principle: Physical flow accounts = PSUT for energy
- So far simplified PSUT have been used no full balance of inputs and outputs shown
- Explicit correspondence to the monetary accounts corresponding flows + additional flows (natural resources, waste, losses)
- SEEA concepts explained: Resources, products, residuals, - however, more "common"/pragmatic terms and subdivisions are used in the tables (e.g.losses instead of residuals)

## Three sets of tables

- 1) Standard PSUTs both natural units (tonnes, etc. and Joules)
- 2) Energy use by purpose (Transport, heating, others (processes), and non-energy use)
- 3) From primary products and imports through conversion to end use
- + Bridge tables for supply and use

Chapter 5 Physical Flow Accounts	4
A. Introduction to physical flow accounts for energy	
B. Type of flows	
1. Flows of energy resources	
2. Flows of energy products	6
3. Losses	
C. Physical Supply and Use Tables for Energy Resources and Energ	y Products9
1. Detailed supply and use tables for energy	
2. Supply and use tables for total flows of energy	
D. Classifications and boundaries	
1. Energy resources	
2. Energy products	
3. Standard International Energy Product Classification, SIEC	
4. Industries	
5. The production boundary	
6. The residence principle	
7. Imports and exports of energy products	
8. Intermediate consumption	
9. Final consumption by households, changes in inventories and exp	
10. Extractors and producers' own use of energy	
11. Losses	
12. Measurement units	
E. Use of energy by purpose	
F. Supply of primary energy and imports, transformation and end	
G. Energy statistics, energy balances and energy accounts	
1. Energy statistics, balances and accounts	
2. Boundaries – residence and territory	
3. Industries	

## Chapter 6 Monetary and hybrid flow accounts

- National accounts SUTs for energy
- Full correspondence to part of the physical SUTs
- Supply and use tables at basic and purchasers prices
- The chapter includes explanation of the SNA 2008 concepts (price concepts, taxes, transfers, etc.)
- SNA 2008 accounts for production, income generation and distribution for activities related to energy

- Depletion adjusted accounts following SEEA
- Transfers (taxes, subsidies, royalties, etc.) related to energy
- Accounts for environmental expentures and ressource management expenditures related to energy

CHAPTER 6 MONETARY FLOW ACCOUNTS	4
A. INTRODUCTION	4
B. MONETARY SUPPLY AND USE TABLES	4
1. Basic concepts - prices, taxes and margins	4
2. Monetary supply table for energy	6
3. Monetary use tables for energy	8
C. HYBRID SUPPLY AND USE TABLES FOR ENERGY	
1. Consistency of physical and monetary supply and use tables for energy	
2. <i>Hybrid accounts – combining monetary and physical tables</i>	
D. STANDARD SNA 2008 ACCOUNTS FOR ACTIVITIES RELATED TO ENERGY	
1. Production, generation of income and gross fixed capital formation	
E. DEPLETION ADJUSTED ACCOUNTS	
1. Resource rent	
2. Rent payments (property income)	
3. Depletion	
4. Attributing gross operating surplus to fixed capital and energy resources	
5. Depletion adjusted accounts	25
F. ECONOMIC TRANSFERS, ETC	
G. Environmental activities and expenditures	
1. Environmental protection	
2. Energy resource management	

# Chapter 7 Presentation and use of the accounts

Aims to show how selected information from the accounts can be presented in order to communicate the information to users

Categorised under headlines, which should be policy relevant, but the text is deliberately not focusing on specific policy issues as such.

Focus on presentation by figures and as time series with short comments on what the figures show

It is in this chapter that the main focus on aggergates and indicators is presented

All figures are based on the data shown in the accounts in the preceding chapters in order to ensure full consistency throughout the document and facilitate an understanding of the links. All figures include a reference to the accounts were data comes from.

However, in some cases the examples include results from IO-modeling, which is by now more or less standard uses of the accounts carried out by the statistical offices

unapte	r 7 Presentation and use of energy accounts	4
	ntroduction	
<b>B. E</b>	nergy and its contribution to national income and wealth	6
1.	Output and value added from energy industries	6
2.	Operating surplus of energy industries and the role of depletion	9
3.	Energy, energy taxes and the government budget	13
4.	Energy and foreign trade	14
5.	Wealth	16
С. М	onitoring the development in energy supply and use	18
1.	Overall supply and use of energy	
2.	Use of energy and expenditures by industries and households	20
3.	Degree of energy self-sufficiency	25
4.	Energy use by purpose	
	he role of renewable energy and waste	
D. T		27
D. T E. A	he role of renewable energy and waste	27 29
D. T E. A: 1.	he role of renewable energy and waste nalysis of economic growth and energy use	27 29 29
D. T E. A 1. 2.	he role of renewable energy and waste nalysis of economic growth and energy use Decoupling of energy use and economic growth	27 29 29 
D. T E. A 1. 2.	he role of renewable energy and waste nalysis of economic growth and energy use Decoupling of energy use and economic growth Factors behind the development in energy use onsumption, production chains, imports and energy use Energy use caused by final use of products	27 29 29 32 33 33
D. T E. A 1. 2. F. Co	he role of renewable energy and waste nalysis of economic growth and energy use Decoupling of energy use and economic growth Factors behind the development in energy use onsumption, production chains, imports and energy use	27 29 29 32 33 33
D. T E. A 1. 2. F. Co 1. 2.	he role of renewable energy and waste nalysis of economic growth and energy use Decoupling of energy use and economic growth Factors behind the development in energy use onsumption, production chains, imports and energy use Energy use caused by final use of products	27 29 29 32 33 33 35
D. T E. A 1. 2. F. Co 1. 2. G. E	he role of renewable energy and waste nalysis of economic growth and energy use Decoupling of energy use and economic growth Factors behind the development in energy use onsumption, production chains, imports and energy use Energy use caused by final use of products Domestic and global energy use caused by household consumption Introduction	27 29 29 32 33 33 33 35 37 37
D. T E. A: 1. 2. F. Co 1. 2. G. E: 1. 2.	he role of renewable energy and waste nalysis of economic growth and energy use Decoupling of energy use and economic growth Factors behind the development in energy use <b>Factors behind the development in energy use</b> <b>Factors and energy use caused by final use of products</b> <b>Factors and global energy use caused by household consumption</b> <b>Factors and air emissions</b> <b>Introduction</b> <b>Use of energy accounts for estimation of emissions</b>	27 29 29 32 33 33 33 35 37 37 38
D. T E. A 2. F. Co 1. 2. G. E 1. 2. 3.	he role of renewable energy and waste nalysis of economic growth and energy use Decoupling of energy use and economic growth Factors behind the development in energy use onsumption, production chains, imports and energy use Energy use caused by final use of products Domestic and global energy use caused by household consumption Introduction	27 29 29 32 33 33 33 35 37 37 38 41